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League Move To 'Back Political Murders' Foiled

Assembly Rejects Adjournment On Tribal Policy

Nehru Defends 'Punitive Fines': Taking Hostages, Only Alternative

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5, (A.P.I.): By 64 votes to 16, the Central Assembly today rejected the Muslim League motion moved by Mr. Siddiqu Ali Khan on the "punitive fines" and "the barbarous and medieval" practice of taking hostages, imposed on Nandihar tribes.

Among the 16 who voted for motion were members of the League party and Mr. N. Shivaraj. The European group and Muslim League members of the Interim Government, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and Mr. Chundrigar, and also Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, were absent at the time of the vote.

"BRUTE MAJORITY"

Muslim League members expressed resentment at the Closure motion moved after the debate had lasted an hour and a half. Mr. Siddiq Ali Khan, the mover, when called upon to reply to the debate, declared that undue advantage had been taken of the "brute majority" to stifle the debate and he therefore did not want to exercise his right of reply.

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): Nawab Siddiqui Ali Khan (Muslim League) moved in the Assembly this afternoon an adjournment motion to discuss the imposition of fines and the taking of hostages following a recent raid in Hazara.

Nawab Siddiqui Ali Khan said that there was nothing communal about his motion. The raid by the Tribal people of certain villages in the settled districts of the N.W.F.P. resulted in losses of life and property to Muslims as well as Hindus. He wished to make it clear that neither he nor the Muslim League Party were in any way opposed to the idea of protecting the life and property of the people in the settled districts from raids by independent tribes across our Frontiers. "We are willing to support", he said "reasonable actions and suitable policies for the prevention of such raids and for the protection of our compatriots. Nor do we in any way, approve or lend convening sympathy with these depredations. We are as much interested in maintaining peace in the N.W.F.P. as any one can be."

Mr. Siddiqui Ali Khan said he must, however, protest against two things. They were "the utter ignorance which the External Affairs Department has shown in understanding or appraising the causes of these raids and the barbarous and revoltingly inhuman nature of the punishment which this Government which claims to follow enlightened and civilised principles, has imposed on the tribes."

The fine which Government imposed on the Tribes, Mr. Siddiqui Ali Khan said, was exorbitant. He condemned the practice of taking hostages.

"PLAGUE" NIPPED IN BUD

Khan Abdul Ghani Khan said that as the sole representative of the Frontier in the House he heard with interest what Sardar Mangal Singh had told the House on Monday on the very subject. Sardar Mangal Singh gave an exaggerated account of the situation and reciprocal aid by Government would have pleased him. The present adjournment motion thought that too drastic a step had been taken. The fine of hostages, however, seemed to have worked and the madness had subsided. The casualties had been few compared to the comparatively unarmed and civilised provinces. "We in the Frontier" he said "had succeeded where my friends of Bengal and Bihar failed. We nipped this plague of self-destruction at the very bud."

While he could understand, Mr. Ghani Khan said, Sardar Mangal Singh's motion the other day, he failed to understand the reasons behind the motion of Nawab Siddique Ali Khan. The law of his own religion, if it has been in force in the N.W.F.P., would have awarded the sentence of death for 51 men of the Tribal area and burnt as many villages as they

(Continued on Page 5)

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (MARCH).

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

Previous Closing	32.20
Today's Opening	32.38
difference	+18
Today's Closing	32.50
Difference	+30

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper mining $40-1/4.

General Motors $61-3/4.

United States Steel Common $76-3/4 (Ex. Dividend).

United States Steel Preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

U. S. Tariff Issue Settled

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5 (Reuter): An important compromise agreement on the tariff question has been reached between the State Department and leading Republican Senators, it is learned from responsible Congressional sources today.

The compromise is by no means universally accepted on the Republican side of Congress but it is understood to have been approved by men sufficiently important virtually to avert any possibility of Congressional legislation being enacted that would force postponement of the April Geneva meeting.

The highlight of the agreement is a State Department pledge to incorporate in all tariff-reducing pacts it is to negotiate with 17 other nations this spring, an "escape clause" whereby any section of the agreement could be annulled if the American manufacturer or exporter could show proof that his interests and business are unfairly harmed by it.

Gold Find Booms Johannesburg

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 5 (Reuter): A rich new gold strike—over three quarters of a mile below the ground in Orange Free State god field—was officially announced here today.

It is close to the "Richest Ever" Oddendaalsrust strike made on April 16 last which gave the phenomenal yield 12,528 inch pennyweights, over 40 gold. The new strike is estimated to yield 12,528 inch penyweights, over 40 times higher than the yields previously regarded as exceptional.

Today's strike, the announcement of which was followed by frantic dealings on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange, is stated to be on the border of the second lease area of Western Holdings and the territory owned by Blinkpoorts. It is said to be of equal interest to both properties.

The strike was made when "deflection by geduld two on geduld 697 penetrated basal reef at 4,886 feet".

Madras To Abolish Capital Punishment?

MADRAS, Feb. 5 (A.P.A.): The Government of Madras was considering the question of abolishing capital punishment.

This reply was given to-day by Mr. K Bashyam, the Law Minister, in the Legislative Assembly to a question by Mr. Moideen Kutty, a member from Malabar.

Calcutta Hartal Perfectly Non-Violent & Voluntary

"Proves Unprecedented Solidarity Of People Against Police Barbarity"

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5, (A. P. I.): The one-day general strike called by the Bengal Provincial T. U. C. to register a mass protest against the continuance of Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. and the Viet-Nam day incidents passed off without incident in Calcutta and suburbs today.

Reports from the Mofussil indicate that there were corresponding attempts to hold one-day strikes at some district towns also.

Mr. Mrinal Kanti Bose, President of the All-India T. U. C. in a statement issued tonight said that in Calcutta and its suburbs about 300,000 workers and 50,000 students obeyed the call of the B. P. T. U. C.

He added:—"Perfect non-violence was observed. No volunteers were posted anywhere and no picketing was done. The 'hartal' was absolutely voluntary".

The Secretary of the B. P. T. U. C., Mr. Abdul Momin said that the general strike call was an "unparalleled success despite active opposition from a section of the Congress and the Muslim League leadership and despite the fact that there was no picketing".

He added:—"The success of the strike has nullified the fears of the Bengal Congress President of the likelihood of communal clashes and has proved exactly the opposite, that is, the unprecedented solidarity of the people. This is a lesson for the unbelieving—how our common people are united against Sec. 1464 Cr. P. C. and against the police barbarity on Viet Nam day."

LATHI CHARGE ON PICKETERS.

About a dozen persons were injured in Dacca City today, when the Police dispersed by a lathi charge a group of persons picketing a local bank and a ration shop in pursuance of the "hartal" ordered by the B. P. T. U. C. Picketing was also resorted to in front of some other banks and a number of commercial institutions where business remained suspended till noon.

Hubli Municipal Sweepers Strike Ends

(From Our Correspondent.)

HUBLI, Feb. 5.

Three-day old strike of 600 'Bhangis' and Sweepers of the Hubli Municipality ended yesterday night—thanks to the successful mediation of Shields District Collector. The Municipality agreed to pay interim relief of Rs. 5 from August 1946.

Earlier all members and staff of the Municipality led by Rao Saheb B. P. Tambad went round the city with 8 broom sticks and cleared the main streets.

DOCK AND PORT TRUST STRIKE.

Superimposed on today's "general strike" was the strike of 32,000 Port Trust employees which, in conjunction with the 7-day old strike of 15,000 other Dock workers, has brought practically to a standstill all loading and unloading work in the Calcutta Harbour area. The stoppage is expected to affect the loading of tea and raw manufactured jute and the unloading of consumer goods. It is not believed that there are many food carrying ships in Harbour at present.

A visit to the Docks showed that apart from a few members of clerical staff, there was complete stoppage of work.

A spokesman of the Port Trust Commissioners said that it was not yet certain whether the men had gone on strike for themselves or merely joined today's general strike.

FINLAND TO CEDE TERRITORY TO SOVIET

HELSINKI, Feb. 5 (Reuter): Finland will cede territory and state property to the Soviet Union in settlement of German assets in Finland, which the Russians are to take over under the peace treaty, it was learned here tonight.

Under an agreement Finland will give Russia the Jamiskoski power station and Pasvik river waterfalls in Lappland, with about 170 square kilometres (some 65 square miles) of the surrounding territory.

She will also give Russia the warship VAINAMOINEN (coastal defence vessel); a Leningrad building belonging to Finnish state the Finnish Legation building in Reval and 50 per cent of the share capital in the new wood pulp factory now nearing completion. Russia will have directors in this factory.

Missing Chinese Plane Located

SHANGHAI, Feb. 5, (Reuter): The missing Chinese National Airways Corporation airliner which disappeared on January 25 with 19 occupants while bound for Chugking from Canton, has been located by a search plane in a mountainous area about 120 miles south of Chungking, according to Chinese reports.

NEW SOUTH WALES PREMIER

SYDNEY, Feb. 5, (Reuter): The caucus of New South Wales Labour Party today elected Mr. James McGirr, Minister for Housing, as Premier of New South Wales in succession to Mr. William John McKell, whose appointment as Governor-General of Australia was announced last week.

BERLIN, Feb. 5, (UPA): Fifty-three Germans froze to death in a Polish refugee train which arrived in Dresden last week, according to German press reports in Berlin today.

Reports in Germany last month spoke of refugees travelling across Germany in unheated trains and many dying of cold enroute. After a British complaint was made following these reports the Polish authorities agreed to heat the trains.

Burma Cabinet Reshuffle?

"Dissenting" Ministers To Be Asked To Submit Resignations

RANGOON, Feb. 5 (A.P.A.): Authoritative sources in Rangoon said today that a reshuffle is expected in the Governor's Executive Council.

These sources added that: Thakin Ba Sein and U Saw will be asked to submit their resignations in view of the dissenting note they introduced into the recent talks in London.

BOTTOMLEY ON HIS "MISSION"

RANGOON, Feb. 5 (Reuter): Mr. A. G. Bottomley, Dominions Under-Secretary who arrived here yesterday to investigate Burma's frontier area's situation, declared at a Press Conference to-day that the British Government was determined to implement its pledge to assist free association of the frontier people with those of Ministerial Burma.

Mr. Bottomley said: "My mission is essentially exploratory. I plan to visit the frontier regions and meet the various rulers and chieftains as well as leaders of political movements in the territory to find out how best the common desire of the British Government and the Burmese Government could be achieved." He hoped to complete his mission within about six weeks.

GANDHIJI ARRIVES AT SREENAGAR

SREENAGAR, (Noakhali) Feb. 5 (API): Mahatma Gandhi began this morning the second part of his walking tour through the villages of Noakhali and Tipperah districts. He set out punctually at 7-30 a.m. from Sadhurkhil camp where, for the first time in his 28-days of walking, he had spent two days and two nights at one stretch.

After walking a distance of about two miles in 40 minutes Mahatma Gandhi arrived at Sreenagar, the first village in his new 20 days programme.

Miss Bina Das who is doing relief work in Noakhali, one mile from here met Mahatma Gandhi in Sreenagar.

At Sreenagar, Mahatma Gandhi is staying in the house of Mr. Chandra Kumar Bepari.

Br. Cabinet Decision On Palestine To-day?

LONDON, Feb. 5 (Reuter): Jewish Agency leaders in London were meeting hourly today as the Palestine situation approached a new crisis. They were expecting at any moment to be summoned to see the Foreign Minister Mr. Ernest Bevin, and the Colonial Secretary Mr. Arthur Creech Jones, for the last talk before the British Government announced its policy following last night's final breakdown of formal negotiations with the Arabs.

A Cabinet meeting, at which Mr. Bevin's policy will be approved, is expected to be held tomorrow. It is not yet known whether it will be followed by a statement in Parliament or whether the decision will first be announced to the Arabs in another—and perhaps final—session of the Palestine Conference.

INDIA SECRETARY "REGRETS"

No Statement To Make On Question Of Compensation To Services

LONDON, Feb. 5 (Reuter): Lord Pethick-Lawrence, Secretary of State for India, regretted that he could not make any statement today on compensation to members of the Secretary of State's Services when their appointments were terminated, as a result of constitutional changes.

He was replying of constitutional by Viscount Simon, who asked what were Government's intentions for securing compensation for members of the Indian Services in the event of their employment coming to an end owing to political and constitutional changes.

He said it was not only the members of the Indian Civil Service who would be involved, but also the members of the Indian Police, Indian Forestry Commission and in some cases, people in Military Service. They felt that what was said to be impending was going to make their continued position in India in some cases one that they could not undertake.

Evidently, matters had gone, in the opinion of an experienced correspondent, to a point when there were two Governments interested in Government in India and that created an invidious position in respect of these officials.

Privy Council Rejects Punjab Appeal

LONDON, Feb. 5, (Reuter): An appeal raising the question whether the Punjab Restitution of Mortgaged Lands Act, 1938, was void as being "ultra vires" of the Punjab Legislature was dismissed with costs by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council today, their Lordships holding as a whole the act fell within the powers given to the Province.

It was brought by Megh Raj and another from a judgment of the Federal Court of India dismissing an appeal from the Full Bench of the High Court of the Punjab whose decision had been in favour of the respondents, Allah Rakhia and others including the Punjab Province.

U.S. Troop Movements In N. China

MOSCOW, Feb. 5 (Reuter): Tass, the Official Soviet News Agency, reported from Shanghai today that United States troops in North China were being removed to "unknown" destinations.

The Agency quoted eye-witnesses arriving in Shanghai as reporting that the troops were equipped with tents, refrigerators, and bedding which "gave rise to suspicions that they are not being dispatched to the United States but to some other places on the Chinese coast".

The Agency also reported that the families of United States troops continued to arrive in Peiping in spite of American assurances that United States troops would be withdrawn from China.

UNITED STATES OF INDONESIA IN OFFING

Agreement With Netherlands Govt. To Be Signed This Week

BATAVIA, Feb. 5, (Reuter): Authoritative Indonesian Republican circles stated today that the agreement with the Netherlands Government for the creation of a United States of Indonesia would be signed soon after the return of the Indonesian Delegation from the Republican capital of Jogjakarta, at the end of this week.

It was earlier reported that the Indonesian Delegation had left Batavia for Jogjakarta after disagreement and without signing the agreement.

The Indonesians had no objection to the declarations by the Dutch Government in November and December last year concerning interpretation of the Cheribon Agreement, if these were regarded as instructions to the commission.

They warned, however, that difficulties could arise if statements were incorporated in the minutes of the Cheribon meetings.

THREE DUTCH SOLDIERS KILLED

Three Dutch soldiers were killed during clashes with Indonesian forces in Medan (Sumatra) and Bandoeng (Java), a Netherlands Army spokesman announced today.

Fifty "extremists" who had penetrated into the western sector of Medan were driven off leaving three dead behind them and another gang headed by Japanese were driven off in the same sector.

In the Bandoeng sector, three Indonesians were killed when a party of Indonesians fired on Dutch patrols.

"No Indian Parachute Sold To French"

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5. (A.P.I.): Official quarters here today described as "baseless" a report in a Bombay weekly journal that the Government of India had sold 5,000 parachutes to the French Government, "to be used by it in its war against Viet-Nam"

The Viet-Nam representative in New Delhi, Mr. Mai The Chau in a statement referred to the report, and said if it was true it was "an ogence to the Indian people's sentiment".

Hostages Arrive In Hanoi

HANOI, Feb. 5, (Reuter): Twenty-three men, women and children, held as hostages by the Viet Namese in a camp at Hoa Binh near Hadong have arrived here to rejoin their families, cables Doon Campbell, Reuter's special correspondent. They had to walk two days through rice fields and along barricaded roads and were exhausted but otherwise well, when they arrived in the city.

Smuts' New 'Square Deal' To Indians!

Advisory Board To Be Watch-dog Of Their Interests In South Africa

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 5, (Reuter): The Union Government has decided to appoint an Indian Advisory Board to advise the Government on all matters relating to the welfare of the Indian community, Prime Minister General Smuts announced today when he met a delegation of the Natal Municipal Association to discuss the Indian question.

General Smuts said that the Government particularly desired the co-operation, assistance and advice of the Indian community in the work of the Board and he hoped that the Indian community would accept the responsibility of membership. The personnel of the Board whose constitution would be similar to that of the Coloured Advisory Council, will be announced at an early date.

"The Government feels that with the inauguration of the Board and era of material and social progress for the Indian community will be begun. It must be realised, however, that this can only be secured by the willing co-operation of all sections of the people. The Government is hopeful that this will be achieved," he added.

"SQUARE DEAL IN EVERY DIRECTION"

In a statement on Indian policy to the delegation which was led by Mr. A. L. Barns, President of the Natal Municipal Association, General Smuts said: "In my speech on the second reading of the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Bill. I stated that the Bill sought to establish a sound foundation on which the future might be securely built, but I then went on to point out that the passing of the Bill did not mean that all mistakes would be obliterated and all needs of the Indian community be met. In other words, the Government had a duty to ensure that the Indian community received a square deal in every direction even beyond the field covered by the Bill. The Indians' crying needs to-day are housing, health, employment and education.

"The office of the Commissioner for Immigration and Asiatic Affairs was created after the Capetown Agreement of 1927 in the intention that it should act as a 'liaison' between the Indians and several Government departments to ensure the uplift and progress of the Indian community, but unfortunately no machinery was provided to secure the proper functioning of this office in that respect.

"I therefore envisaged in my speech the establishment of an Advisory Committee consisting of Europeans and Indians whose functions would be to advise the Government on all matters pertaining to the welfare of the Indians," the statement added. "The Government has now given careful consideration to the position and decided to establish a board, to be

(Continued On Page 5 Col. 7)

SOUTH AFRICAN INDIAN CASE BEFORE U.N.O.

Truman's Report To Congress On Work Of U. S. Delegation

WASHINGTON, Feb 5, (Reuter): and (UPA): President Truman in a 200-page report to Congress on the work of the United States delegation to the United Nations during 1946, discussing the question of the treatment of Indians in South Africa, says "the United States took the position that the International Court of Justice should be asked for advisory opinion on the question whether any international obligation existed between South Africa and India. The United States delegation believed that this question should be answered before the General Assembly took any action directed against a member state. If the Court advised that such international obligation existed. The General Assembly would be in a much stronger position to exert its influence against alleged discrimination in South Africa and since South Africa questioned the jurisdiction of the United Nations and was willing to have the matter submitted to a court it is entitled to such consideration."

U.N.O. GOING CONCERN

Referring to the UNO, adds UPA, President Truman told the Congress that the United Nations is a going concern but warned that justifiable hope and confidence in the organization still "can be betrayed and lost."

In his first report on United Nations activities in 1946, Truman emphasised that the major problem of atomic energy and its control was still unsettled.

He pointed with pride to United States leadership in all departments, warned of international pitfalls ahead and expressed hope for the future of the world peace organisation.

TIBET EXPLORER DEAD

LONDON, Feb. 5, (Reuter): Death is announced today of the pioneer explorer of western Tibet. Major Henry Hugh Peter Deasy, formerly of the 16th Lancers. Major Deasy, who was 80, made his pioneer exploration in 1896 and his work enabled the subsequent survey of the watershed between the Indus and the Oxus Rivers on which the present maps are said to be made.

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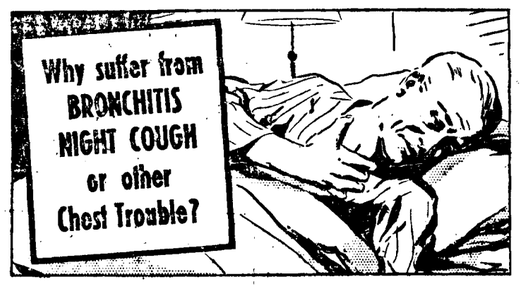

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3. Alcohol Bettyl, Denatured, Ethyl, Isopropyl.
4. Acetylene Tetrabromide.
5. Barnium Chloride (crystals).
6. Benzene.
7. Benzreazol (photographic).
8. Benzoyle Peroxide.
9. Cadamain oxide.
10. Calcium Chloride Anhydrous, Sulphate.
11. Curbital acetate.
12. Carbon Tetrachloride.
13. Caustic Soda.
14. Chromium Potassium Sulphate.
15. Creosote.
16. Cupric Sulphate.
17. Cuprous Cyanide.
18. Diethylene Glycol Momoethyl.
19. Dehydrating agent.
20. Desiccant Oxygen.
21. Diethylene Glycol.
22. Disenfectant (liquid & tablets).
23. Ethyl Acetate.
24. Ethylene Dichloride, Glycol.
25. Ferric Ammonium Citrate.
26. Fluid anti-icing Isopropyl alcohol
27. Hydroquinone.
28. Hydrogen Peroxide.
29. Manganese Dioxide.
30. Mercuric Chloride.
31. Mercury Metallic.
32. Metheorylate Methyl.
33. Methyl Ethyl Kitone, Orange, Red dry.
34. Manomethyl Paramidophenol sulphate.
35. Naptha Ethylene Glycol, Aliphatic, Aromatic.
36. Naptha.
37. Napthalene Flake.
38. Nickel Ammonium Sulphate
39. Paramidophenol oxalate.
40. Phenophethalein.
41. Phospheric Anhydride.
42. Potassium Bromide, Cnromate Cyanide, Dechromate (crystals), Dichromate, Ferricyanide Hydroxide Iodide, Metalicsulphite Anhydrous (powder), Nitrate granular, Permangnate (crystals), Sodium Ferrycyanide, Thiocynate.
43. Silver Nitrate.
44. Soda Ash.
45. Sodium Acetate, Bicarbonate (powdered), Bisulphate, Borate Borax, Borate, Carbonate monohydrated granular, Chloride Chromate (crystals), Cyanide, Hydroxide (sticks), Metaphophate, Metasilicate, Nitrate, Perborate, Phosphate, Phosphate Dibasic, Phosphate Monobasic, Potassium tatrate, Silicate, Sulfocyanate thiocyanats, Sulphate anhydrous, Sulphide (crystals) Sulphite (crystals) Thiosulphate (crystals),
46. Sulphur Sticks sublimate.
47. Tricsolshl phosphate.
48. Triethanolameine.
49. Trioxyme-thylene.
50. Trisodium Phosphate.
51. Xylol.
52. Zinc Chloride, Sulphate.
53. Zacquer Transperent
54. Lead Oxide Yellow.

230

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England Break Down Against Slow Bowling

Score Paltry 274 For 8 Wickets: Toshack, Hero Of Fourth Test

ADELAIDE, February 5, (Reuter): Continuing their second innings, England at the close of fifth day's play had scored 274 for the loss of eight wickets. Toshack was the most successful Australian bowler, having taken 4 wickets so far.

England's Troubles

(From Norman Preston, Reuter's Special Correspondent)

After beginning their second innings so well, England broke down here to-day after lunch against the slow bowling of Toshack and Johnson and the final stages found them fighting hard to avoid defeat in this fourth Test. When the last day's play commences to-morrow, England with only two wickets left will face Australia with a lead of 247.

England's troubles began when, D. Edrich having played perfect cricket before lunch, resumed in a reckless mood and fell to Toshack. Then Hammond trying to sweep Toshack to fine-leg was possibly unlucky to hit the ball straight into Lindwall's hands. From that point Compton alone seemed to be able to deal with Australian bowlers when the eighth wicket fell, 45 minutes before the day's close Compton made it his business to keep bowling as far as possible, to himself and he succeeded. He declined to take many singles and his partner Evans in this period of ten overs was so well shielded that he dealt with only 18 deliveries.

Much depends on Compton tomorrow but it is not expected that England, unless rain should affect the pitch, will avoid paying the penalty for their poor batting to-day.

The final day of this fourth Test match may produce an exciting finish. Thanks to a fighting defensive innings by Compton, England still have two second innings wickets left, but their lead of 247 may not prove big enough to extend Australia.

The pitch has not deteriorated to any extent and the result will most likely depend on the time Australia will take to capture those two outstanding wickets.

COMPTON'S SERVICE

It is doubtful whether Compton, in his remarkable career, ever rendered England greater service than in this match. His innings to-day cannot be judged by the number of runs he scored in the stay of three and a quarter hours. It was in marked contrast with the freedom he displayed last Saturday while making his 147, because of circumstances of the game. No one realised better than Compton that his presence at the crease was essential if England were to hold until the day's end. In this effort to stall off a hostile attack Compton scarcely made a faulty stroke.

Even when coaxed by Bradman's deep set field, Compton refused many runs. In the last 45 minutes his partner, Evans, played his part nobly although he faced the possibility of two zeros during the match. He has yet to open his score and batted while ten overs were delivered but, thanks to Compton's tactics the England wicketkeeper played only 18 balls.

Edrich seemed to resume his onslaught against the bowling too quickly after lunch, but it must be remembered that England at that time were forcing runs in a sporting bid with a possible victory in view. His dismissal necessitated an alteration in the policy. Hammond seemed confident and safe until he turned and lifted the ball straight to fine-leg. Such a stroke might easily have gone wider off the field. Hardstaff was not as certain as in the first innings and he fell to a ball of excellent length by Toshack when forced on the defensive.

In these Tests Bradman from varied bowlers at his disposal has always round one to suit a particular occasion.

TOSHACK UPSETS ENGLAND

To-day it was Toshack who upset England. First he brought about the dismissal of Edrich which changed entirely the nature of England's batting. This tall left arm bowler of Mediterranean descent kept his end going in an unrelenting humidity from a quarter past one until ten to five and his figures for this remarkable spell were 23/4/45/4. On several occasions Toshack has been disappointing mainly because of wasted deliveries but to-day there was no doubt as to his merit. His height, six feet three inches, helped him to get some lift from a rather unresponsive pitch and his pace off the ground as also his ability to maintain length and bowl to a leg field set for him were the main assets in his triumph. For triumph it was against batsmen who of necessity had to try and hold on rather than force runs after an early attempt to go for a winning margin had failed. Because of Toshack's success and the ability of Johnson to keep down runs Bradman made little use of leg spinners, McCool and Dooland.

Tallon kept the wicket admirably and held three catches. Not until late in a gruelling day of fielding did he concede any byes.

ENGLAND (2nd Innings)

Hutton b Johnson	76
Washbrook c Tallon b Lindwall	39
Edrich c Bradman b Toshack	46
Hammond c Lindwall b Toshack	22
Compton (not out)	52
Hardstaff b Toshack	9
Ikin l.b.w. Toshack	1
Yardley c Tallon b Lindwall	18
Bedser c Tallon b Miller	3
Evans (not out)	0
Extras (byes 5; leg-byes 1; wides 2; McCool & Miller)	8
Total (for 8 wkts.)	274

FALL OF WICKETS: 1 for 100; 2 for 137; 3 for 178; 4 for 188; 5 for 207; 6 for 215; 7 for 250; 8 for 255.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Lindwall	14	4	47	2
Miller	9	0	29	1
Toshack	31	5	69	4
Dooland	8	1	36	0
McCool	14	3	34	0
Johnson	25	8	51	1

ZONAL CRICKET

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5, (API): The East Zone Selection Committee for the zonal cricket tournament to be held in Bombay has selected the following team to represent the East Zone against the West Zone in their match on February 14, 15 and 16: Mushtaqali (Holkar) Capt. K. Bose (Bengal) — Vice-Captain, C. S. Naidu (Holkar), C. T. Sarwate (Holkar), B. B. Nimbalkar (Holkar) Maharajkumar Balendu Shah (U.P.), N. Chatterjee (Bengal), N Chowdhury (Bengal) Gaikwad (Holkar), Jagdale (Holkar), P. Sen (Bengal) S. Banerjee (Bihar) P Chatterji (Bengal) and Phadsalkar.

A. I. Hard Court Tennis

Kantawala Extends Irshad

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Kantawala almost provided the first big surprise in the singles event in this year's All-India Hardcourt Championships by extending Irshad Hussein in the 4th round of that event. He won the first set rather comfortably partly due to the poor length kept by his opponent and partly due to his own steady returns. In the second game after going level till the fifth game he dropped his vital service game and with it the set. In the decider Irshad Hussein improved and although he conceded four games to his opponent in that set he was playing better than during the first two sets.

Another interesting match was the one in which Bekkevold just prevailed over the Singalese player Gunesekara. The score is a fair index of the fluctuations of the game.

As the result of today's matches six players have entered the quarter final stage. In the order of the draw they are, Narendra Nath, Kapinapathy, Irshad Hussein, Prem Pandhi, Bekkevold and Iftikar Ahmed.

THE RESULTS

MEN'S SINGLES:—Irshad Hussein beat J. Kantawala 4-6, 7-5, 6-4; Prem Pandhi beat Ernst 6-3, 6-2; Iftikar Ahmed beat J. Charanjiva 6-2, 6-1; Owen beat Narayan Rao 6-3, 6-1; Narendra Nath beat Rasikkumar of Wankaner 6-1, 6-1; Kapinapathy beat C. L. Mehta 6-4, 6-2; Appa Rao beat B. N. Singh 4-6, 7-5, 5-0 (retired) and Bekkevold beat Gunesekara 6-4, 3-6, 8-6.

MEN'S DOUBLES:—Balwant Singh and Narayan Rao beat J. Kantawala and C. L. Mehta 6-3, 6-1; C. L. Mytton and F. Bekkevold beat V. G. Appa Rao and N. D. Sirur 6-3, 7-5; Gunasekalra and Retnam beat Sarangpani and N. D. Rao 6-1, 6-3 and K. H. Kapadia and C. J. Cooper beat J. C. Dhamija and Bhowani 6-2, 6-0.

MIXED DOUBLES:—Miss Woodbridge and Iftikar Ahmed beat Mrs. Jameson and Alexander 6-1, 8-6.

LADIES DOUBLES:—Miss Roberts and Miss Fonseca beat Mrs. Martin and Mrs. Pinder 6-0, 6-4; Miss L. Woodbridge and Mrs. Singh beat Mrs. Newlands and Mrs. Jameson 6-2, 6-2; and Miss L. M. Merchant and Mrs. Sastri W. O. Mrs. Dayal and partner.

Thursday's matches from 4 p.m. onwards:—Quarter finals of men's doubles, second round of Women's singles and second round of mixed doubles.

COMMUNIST DOCUMENTS TO BE RETAINED

C. P. M.'s Order To Facilitate Charge-Sheet Preparation

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Chief Presidency Magistrate passed orders today that the Police who recently conducted raids on the Communist Party Office and the residence of Mr. Dange could retain with them few documents) a list of which was submitted today) for the purpose of framing a charge sheet against the arrested Communist leaders, and that, in case no charge sheet was made, to return these documents to them.

It may be remembered that the C.P.M. had instructed the police last Thursday that all irrelevant documents should be returned before February 5. The Police accordingly, have returned more than nine tenths of the entire lot they had seized.

Mr. A. S. R. Chari appearing on behalf of the Communist Party and Mr. Dange, submitted before the Court that the fact that the Police had returned such a large portion of the documents seized proved his former contention that the Police had made an omnibus seizure Such an action on the part of the Police was a clear case of misuse of the powers given to them and it meant an invasion of certain fundamental right, of citizens. Mr. Chari further sumbitted that the Court should rule that such wholesale seizure of documents should not be made by the Police.

The C.P.M. while holding that it was not in his power to lay down new laws regarding police raids, remarked that the return by the Police of such a large portion of the seized document, "rather lends colour to the allegation that Police seizure was an omnibus seizure."

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Zonal Quadrangular At The Stadium Next Week

By J. C. MAITRA

The Zonal Quadrangular which was inaugurated last year at the Brabourne Stadium will be staged again at the same venue commencing on Friday week. Unfortunately its debut was not as great a success as the representative character of the competition deserved. There were several factors which contributed towards its comparative failure. First and foremost was the boycott of tournament by those who are wedded to the Communal Tournament. Despite the fact that the rival teams were better matched than those represented in the Pentangular, the so-called Cricket-lovers of Bombay refused to look at the contests.

CCI SAFEGUARDED

Then the competition was held very late in the season — after the fans had had their fill and the cricket-fever had died away. And whatever enthusiasm and curiosity—curiosity to see the Nawab of Pataudi in action as he was playing in Bombay for the first time — left in their minds was dissipated by the refusal of Pat to exhibit his masterly batting to an expectant crowd. The CCI suffered a big loss on this account. It is very doubtful if they would have taken the risk again. But the fine donation of Rs. 60,000 by the Imperial Tobacco Co., (India) Ltd., has enabled the Board of Control for Cricket in India to lend a helping hand to the Club.

ASSEMBLY OF BEST TALENTS

The CCI has no fear of any loss which may accrue from it. The Board of Control would meet it. Not only that, it would bear the travelling expenses etc., of all the players who would come here from different parts of India. As the selection of players for the Australian tour will depend on their performances in this tournament. I have no doubt that all the brilliant stars and promising players will make the journey to the Stadium. The West Zone has already selected a formidable combination under the leadership of Vijay Merchant, the Skipper-elect for Australia. It Shows that they have taken up the matter quite seriously.

A CALL TO SPORTSMEN

Needless to mention that the other zones will also pay great attention to the building up of their respective sides — not only because each zone would like to win this premier championship, but because it would like to see as many of their players in the touring team as possible. The players on their part would undoubtedly try to their best in every department. In consequences the matches would be highly attractive and interesting.

The only fly in the ointment is that the political atmosphere of Bombay — as of the rest of India—is rather humid. It does not encourage people to gather in large numbers especially for long hours of the day. That is why the sale of tickets has not been as brisk as one would expect. It is a matter of great pity that sportsmen should feel shy of the sporting field under any circumstances. It is high time they rose to the occasion now.

PROTECTION OF PAPER INDUSTRY

Manufacturers' Plea For Continuance

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Representatives of the paper industry in the country at a Conference convened by the Indian Tariff Board here today pleaded for the maintenance of the 'status quo' with regard to the protection granted to the industry in 1925 under the Bamboo Industry Protection Act. Sir Shanmukham Chetty, President of the Indian Tariff Board, was in the Chair.

Opening the Conference, Sir Shanmukham called upon the representatives of the industry to prove their case for the continuance of the 22-year old protection.

In the discussions which followed, representatives of manufacturers maintained that the present conditions being abnormal the situation was full of uncertainties. They said they did not know when large quantities of paper might start coming into the country from abroad and jeopardise the interests of the domestic industry. They felt that for encouraging the expansion of the industry and keeping it flourishing, it was necessary that the protective duties should be continued.

The pulp industry put forward the view that at present there was no danger of the manufacture of bamboo pulp in the country being affected prejudicially, if the duties on wood pulp were taken off. They, however, suggested that the protective duties on wood pulp be reduced by half.

LOW PAPER PRODUCTION

Dr. Nazir Ahmad quoting figures from the Paper Panel Report said that the demand for paper in the country was so high that for the next ten years to come indigenous production would not be able to meet the requirements of the country. He further pointed out that the level of production of the domestic industry had gone down as compared with that of 1944 and 1945.

Low production was explained by a representative as due to the difficulty of replacing damaged and worn out machinery by new machinery, and to the price policy of the Government.

At the end of the discussions, Sir Shanmukham Chetty said that on the basis of the facts presented by the industry at the Conference he had no other alternative except to recommend to the Government deprotection of the industry. He, therefore, placed a formula before the industry that instead of continuing protection the Government should make a declaration that the industry would be entitled to ask for protection and present its case as and when it thought necessary. He personally felt that such a declaration would be of more abiding value than merely asking for the extension of protection by a year or so.

The representatives of manufacturers, however, preferred to stand by their original demand.

ADVOCATE'S WILL CONSTRUED

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Tendolkar).

Jalbhai R. Sanjana and Another. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

Tehmina Shapurji Sanjana and Others. ..... Defendants.

This was an Originating summons for the determination of certain questions arising out of the will of the late Burjor Shapoorji Sanjana, Advocate, one of the leaders of the Small Causes Court Bar, who died at Bombay on 25th October 1945 leaving a will dated 7th February 1942 by which he appointed the plaintiffs Jalbhai R. Sanjana and Tehemtan R. Kapadia as trustees.

The deceased left an estate valued at Rs. 1,30,000 including an immovable property at Worli Sea Face, shares, furniture, motor-car, cash, etc.

By his will he requeathed all his estate to his sister the first defendant. After making this bequest to his sister, the deceased by his will provided that as regards his bungalow, the same was to be held in trust for his said sister during her life and on her death it was to go in equal shares to his two nieces Freny Merwanji Soonawolla and Goolestan Kaikhushru Sanjana.

His Lordship held that the bequest to the sister comprised plate, linen, wearing apparel, motor-car, etc., but not the immovable property in respect of which she was given only a life-interest. His Lordship held that the sister was bound to carry out ordinary repairs to the immovable property which after her death was to belong absolutely to her two nieces in equal shares. With regard to certain shares in Munjee (India) Ltd. in respect of which call money amounting to Rs. 13,000 had to be paid His Lordship held that the amount was noot payable by the sister personally but was payable out of the estate.

The Advocate-General and Mr. H. V. Shah instructed by Messrs. Pereira Fazalbhoy and Co. appeared for the plaintiff-trustees.

Mr. H. D. Banaji and Mr. R. B. Kolah instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormusji Dinshaw & Co. appeared for defendant 1 (the sister).

Mr. M. L. Maneksha and Sir Jamshedji Kanga instructed by Messrs. Vakil Dadabhoy and Bharucha appeared for the other defendants (the nieces).

Human Rights Bill On Anvil

Russia Opposes Several Rights As Against National Laws

LAKE SUCCESS, (New York), Feb. 5 (Reuter): Mrs. Hansa Mehta, leader of the Indian delegation to the United Nations Human Rights Commission, said at yesterday's meeting on the proposed international bill of Human Rights that the right of equality was one of the fundamental rights of every human being. She suggested that the right to political freedom should be added under the status of liberty.

M. Valentine Tepliakov (Russia) objected to several rights listed under the status of liberty, either because they were unnecessary, too broad, required further definition or conflicted with national laws.

Among the rights he objected to were the right to life and personal liberty, right to petition the United Nations, right of asylum, right of property and freedom of movement (migration) and freedom to assist oppression.

The Commission now has the task of deciding how the international bill when drafted will be implemented and enforced.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta told Reuter: "It is absolutely inconceivable as has been suggested by some delegations in Commission that such a bill should only be in the form of a harmless resolution".

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LITERACY DAY

The Special Literacy Officer and Secretary, Bombay City Adult Education Committee, Bombay writes:

Tuesday was the Main Literacy Day which happened to be a public holiday and the volunteers appeared to have taken full advantage. They were seen in large numbers with collection boxes and literacy flags at railway and bus stations and other places of heavy traffic. Though it was a holiday the Committee's office was working and distributed additional boxes and one anna and four anna books to a large number of workers.

Public meetings were held at Tulsi Pipe Road and Hathibaug and were largely attended by workers. At the former, Mr. S. K Patil, President, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee addressed the gathering and exhorted them to take the fullest benefit of the learning facilities given by the Committee.

Mr. Nathalal Parekh addressed the other gathering.

Miss Indumati Sheth, Parliamentary Secretary to Bombay Government gave a talk on the Radio on "Women's role in the Literacy Movement."

A Cinema Show was arranged at the Hindustan Mazdoor Sangh Headquarters Parel for mill workers with the aid of the Committee's own projector. Short educational and informational films were shown.

Govt. Official Arrested On Cheating Charge

K. K. A. Nambiar, a Superintendent in the Finance Department (Supply) of the Government of India, and two others a broker and a dalal were arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. on the charge of cheating a building contractor to the extent of Rs. 4,000.

It is stated by the police that the contractor was offered supply of steel by Nambair on an advance payment of Rs. 4,000. Mr. Nambiar received the amount, it is alleged, but failed to supply the steel.

It is alleged that the second and third accused acted as Nambiar's Lieutenants in the deal.

All the accused were released on bail today at the Esplanade Court.

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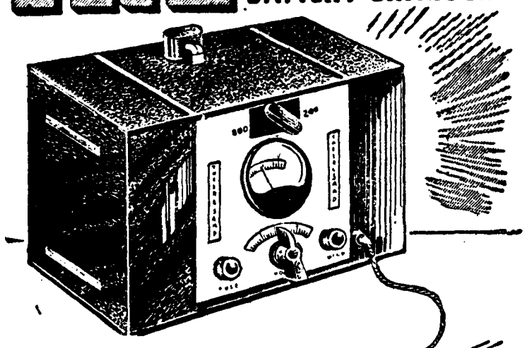

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CITY AND SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Magh Vad 8, 2003.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 21, 1366.
Parsi: Shehr.ver 13, 1316
Sunrise: 7-9 a.m., Sunset: 6-38 p.m.
Hightide 04-34, 18-20, Lowtide 11-25, 23-28.
Municipal Corporation: 2-30 p.m. (B.T.).

Today's Engagements

INSURANCE SOCIETY: Public lecture on "Future of Indian Life Offices", by Mr. S. P. Nadkarni, Mr. G. H. Thakore presiding, at Life Offices Association Office, Industrial Building, Churchgate Station, 6-15 p. m.

MAZDAZNAN: Today at 5 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road. Mrs Minnie S. Mehta on "Health and Breath Culture."

"CHETANA": His Excellency S. M. Razavy, Delegate of the Ministry of Education in Iran will open the Exhibition of paintings by Baron Bhrenfels at 5 p.m.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 15— Sewri-Naigaum will meet near the junction of Tripartite Road and Sewree New Road, tomorrow (Friday) at 8.30 a.m. (S.T.) to go round the Ward Residents of the Ward who have any difficulties to bring to light are invited to be present at the appointed place and time.

In Aid Of Hindi Rangashala

The Dramatic Society of the All India Vikram Parishad, Benares, established by the late Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, is going to stage its well-known play, 'Mahakavi Kalidasa' in the Royal Opera House on the 17th, 18th and the 20th instant on the occasion of starting a Hindi Rangashala (Hindi Theatre) in Bombay with a view to propagate the art of drama as well as to present the Indian History and Culture in its true colour. The special feature of the play will be that, eminent poets, writers and editors of renown, are participating in the play as actors and actresses. The scheme is supported by leading citizens of Bombay.

P. M. SHAH'S VENTURE

Mr. P. M. Shah who was on the Senior Staff of the Indian Merchants' Chamber as Assistant Secretary for the last 10 years has resigned. He intends to start a commercial monthly journal mainly dealing with aspects of India's foreign trade. His address is:

Tel. No. 31118 or Jayant Trading Co., Sir Vithaldas Chambers, 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY LEGISLATURE CONGRESS PARTY

BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

The Executive Committee of the Bombay Legislature Congress Party will meet on February 8 and 9 at the party room, Council Hall, Bombay, it is announced. The Bombay Legislature Congress will also hold meetings at the same place, shortly after the meetings of the Executive Committee on the respective dates.

The Secretary of the Party requests the members of the Party to take the announcement as personal invitation if the Party circular does not reach them in good time.

"Nabhovani"

With the inauguration of a broadcasting station in Baroda, entitled the "Diamond Jubilee Broadcasting Station" of Baroda, its organ named "Nabhovani" is published as a 'souvenir number' for January 1947. Judging from the articles in the first number of this journal—presumably a monthly—it has started well on its career. It contains a message from H. H. the Maharaja of Baroda who hopes that through the medium of this station the people of Gujerat and Kathiawad will come nearer to Baroda". The list of radio programmes for the whole month, given in bold types, will be well appreciated. The retail price of the number is annas eight and is printed at the Baroda State Press.

ONE MORE ENGLISH DAILY FOR BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Declarations have been filed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate by Mr. Chimanlal Vadilal Shah, Proprietor of the Matrubhoomi Publication, as the Editor, Printer and publisher of two Bombay dailies one English and the other Hindi, to be published from March 1.

The English paper will be "The Advocate of India" and the Hindi paper, "Jai Hind."

FIVE STRIPES FOR CARRYING KNIFE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A Pathan boy, who was arrested by the police yesterday on being found with a knife at a public place was awarded five stripes by Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, to-day. The accused pleaded that he was new to Bombay and was ignorant about the ban on the carrying of weapons.

TODAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY—1

244 m. (1,231 kc/s 7.30 a.m. Song of Week (by Dawar) 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.10 News (H) 8.30 Allah Rakha (Gat Tora on Tabla) 8.40 Amritlal Naval 9.0 Gangubai Hangal 12.0 p.m. Programme for women (M) 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Goan Gane 1.20 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 1.40 Music 4.20 School Broadcast 5.0 Allah Rakha (Gat Tora on Tabla) 5.15 Children's Half-Hour (E) 5.45 Topic of Day 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.15 Filmi Gane 6.30 Kamal Sangekar (Vocal) 6.50 Sitar (Hindustani songs) 7.0 Amritlal Naval (geets) 7.15 Allah Rakha (Gat Tora on Tabla) 7.30 Shivkumar Shukla (Vocal) 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 "Dusare Lagna" (play by "Seemantini"). 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 BBC News 9.40 Programme Parade 9.45 Week in Sports (by Talyarkhan) 10.0 Gretel Sommer: Violin 10.15 Interlude 10.20 Dominic Pereira and Radio Quartet 10.40 Dunstan Roberts (Bass Arajas from 'Verdi' 10.50 Dominic Pereira.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

Forecast till Friday morning:—
Weather will be dry. Nights will be colder in Kathiawar, Gujarat the north Konkanpatti, Deccan Mawal and Khandesh.
Outlook for further 2 days:—
Dry weather.

First Indian Director For School Of Art

Mr. V. S. Adurkar, who is appointed by the Government of Bombay, as the first Indian Director of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, is a brilliant and versatile artist and a highly experienced art teacher, and is, moreover, one of the few outstanding alumni of the School. He has received sound training in the various branches of art under some of the well-known teachers in England and India. He has qualified himself as a painter, sculptor and art teacher and has undergone special training in etching, wood engraving, craft-work and commercial and industrial designing—a combination which is a rare achievement on the part of an artist.

As an art student, Mr. Adurkar had a brilliant career. He ranks among the winners in open competition of the much-coveted Dolly Cursetji First Prize of Rs. 600 with a medal in the Advanced Painting examination of the Sir J. J. School of Art. He passed the examinations for Diploma in Painting in 1931, for the Art-Master's Course in 1933, and for Diploma in Sculpture in 1935. He was in the post-Diploma class of Mural Decoration with a Government scholarship for one year and was appointed a Fellow for one year, and as a Fellow, he was in charge of the Commercial Art Classes when they were first started in the School.

Mr. Adurkar proceeded to England in 1936 for further studies. He learnt art in the Slade School of the University of London. He was then admitted to the Royal College of Art for Diploma and there he achieved a rare distinction. He was allowed to appear for the Diploma examination at the end of two years, instead of three years fixed for the Diploma course. At the end of the first year, he was granted remission of fees in appreciation of the excellence of his work. He was spoken of highly by the Principal of the College in these words: "One of the very best students from India that we have had at the College in recent years."

Mr. V. S. Adurkar

Simultaneously with his training at the Royal College, he studied design, engraving and publicity design at the London County Council's Westminster Technical Institute and wood-engraving and pottery at the Central School of Arts and Crafts, London. While in England, he achieved another rare distinction—in the acceptance by the Royal Academy of his painting for its annual exhibition, and was also asked to contribute exhibits to the Empire Art Exhibition held on the occasion of the Coronation celebrations.

Apart from studying in the leading art institutions in London, Mr. Adurkar has visited the principal museums and galleries. He visited the International Exhibition held in Paris and got the opportunity of studying the works of all the great French masters brought together in it.

Mr. Adurkar returned to India in 1940 and soon after, held his one-man exhibition of work done in England and India. Besides being an artist of versatility and high abilities, he is the author of "Free Drawing"—in three parts—which have been sanctioned by the Provincial Text Book Committee for pupils' libraries in the secondary schools in the Province of Bombay. He has been, for about five years, an examiner in the different branches of Art in the examinations in Art and Drawing held by the Government of Bombay. Mr. Adurkar paints both in the Indian and Western styles and handles figure-painting, landscape, still-life, portraiture and mural decoration with equal freedom. Among the well-known personalities painted by him are included H. H. the Gaikwad and Maharani of Baroda, Ministers and Commissioners of Baroda State, H. H. the Aga Khan and the Rani Saheb of Jaith.

W.I.A.A Union President To Fast Unto Death?

It is understood that Mr. G. G. Mehta, President of the Union, as a life member of the Association and other members of the Association had sent in a requisition to the Managing Committee of the W. I. A. A. to call a general body meeting of the Association. But, the Committee have said that "They are not bound to convene such a meeting and they do not propose to call the same." Since the Committee are not prepared to recognise the Union and enter into negotiation with its representatives and since the offer of arbitration is also rejected and now even the requisition meeting under the Constitution of the Association is refused Mr. Mehta contemplates resorting to a "fast-unto-death" for one of the fundamental principles of Trade Unionism, namely, 'Unconditional Recognition of the Union.'

POLICE OFFICER JAILED

Charge Of Accepting Illegal Gratification

BOMBAY, Wednesday: For accepting illegal gratification, Abdul Razak Mahboob Sheikh, a Sub-Inspector attached to the Gamdevi Police Station was sentenced to six months' R. I. and a fine of Rs. 500, in default, a further period of six months' R. I. by Mr. T. S. Vyas, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, today.

It is stated that the Sub-Inspector, while making investigations with respect to a motor car accident which took place on Walkeswar Road on October 30, 1946, in which one Mahendra Kumar Mohanlal Pannalal, a diamond merchant was involved, demanded from the latter a sum of Rs. 1,000 for reporting favourably. After much bargaining, it was settled that the Police Officer would be paid Rs. 450.

A relative of Mahendra Kumar reported the matter to the Anti-Corruption Branch of the Bombay C.I.D. who laid a trap for the Sub-Inspector.

On Nov. 2, it is stated the accused, who was on riot duty left his post to meet Mahendra Kumar as previously arranged at a photo studio at Tardeo to get the promised amount. The accused was given marked money and was later arrested.

Gloomy Future For Indian Textile Industry

Fall In Production Due To Muddled Politics, Says Official

BOMBAY, Feb. 5, (U.P.I.): The present unsatisfactory situation in cloth is due, among other things, to increasing fall in the production of cloth in the country. This is likely to continue until the return of normal times.

This information was given to the "United Press of India" by a high textile official in Bombay this morning.

The production has been falling according to him, on account of insecure conditions in the country. It appears that last year's average output per month was 391 million yards while the average now stands somewhere near 330 million yards only.

'Politics is so inextricably woven into the life of men and industry that a slight change in the temper has its repercussions on the industry", the official said. Added to the disturbed conditions were other technical difficulties—shortage of labour, decrease in working hours, coal shortage, housing difficulties which are hampering the speeding up of textile production to a considerable extent. Besides, the imports are negligible while the exports are more or less enormous.

Enquiries reveal that about 400 million yards were exported last year, in exchange for foodstuffs. The export quota of the current year does not appear to have been fixed by the Government yet. Imports from Japan which had been stopped due to war conditions are likely to begin within six months.

Among the measures now being adopted to meet the countrywide shortage of cloth are the efforts to induce millowners to go in for three shifts and standardisation of production.

Miladun-Nabi

The Miladun-Nabi number of "Insaf" Bombay', Gujerati journal contains a number of article, on Prophet Mahomed, including one giving a brief sketch of his life and mission in this world. It is priced at rupee one and is published from 14 Islampura, Bombay.

Coiffures OF INDIA

Ancient Indian fashions are being reborn today in the West. Many Indian hair-do's of long ago are now being adapted in America. . . . particularly Hollywood. In India, women of taste add to the attractiveness of their coiffures by using Swastik's Perfumed Castor Oil.

After quality Swastik products include Kasti and other toilet soaps, Swastik Shaving Stick, Washing Soaps, Gowalin Brand Vanaspati, etc etc

A Malabar Nayar Woman's Coiffure, 100 years ago

SWASTIK PERFUMED CASTOR OIL
UNMATCHED FOR QUALITY
SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD., WADALA, BOMBAY.
SMILPI BOM. 3

1947 Announcing

BRITISH INDUSTRIES FAIR
LONDON and BIRMINGHAM, MAY 5—16, 1947

This is your first opportunity in seven years to see your old suppliers in Britain and to meet new ones.

Overseas Buyers are invited to Britain for the 1947 British Industries Fair. It will enable them to establish personal contact with the makers of the immense range of United Kingdom goods displayed in the London (Lighter Industries) and Birmingham (Hardware and Engineering) Sections of the Fair. The careful grouping of the exhibits will assist buyers to compare the products of competing firms with a minimum of time, trouble and expense. Special arrangements to suit individual markets can be discussed and terms and conditions of business settled direct with the manufacturer, since only the actual producer or the sole selling agent may exhibit.

★ *For full details of the 1947 Fair apply to the nearest British Commercial Diplomatic Officer or Consular Officer, or the British Trade Commissioner in your area.*

BRITAIN PRODUCES THE GOODS

ALL INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Feb. 5, (A. P. I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st Nov. 1946 and departure from normal recorded at 8 a.m., on 5th Feb. 1947: Ahmedabad 89 61 0 1.1 plus 0.9, Allahabad 85 50 0 11.7..1.7 plus 0.1, Baroda 0 94 56 0 1.1 nil, Belgaum 85 T 0 6.3 plus 4.3 BOMBAY 86 69 0 7.1 plus 6.3, Calcutta 83 79 plus 0.5 Hyderabad (Dn.) 86 55 0 3.4 plus 1.6, Hyderabad (Sd.) 85 62 0 0minus 0.4, Karachi 79 68 0 0 3.7 0.8, Lucknow 82 50 0 2.1 plus 0.6, Madras 82 7..67 0 56.8 plus 35.6, Nagpur 87 59 0 9.6 plus 7.9, Peshawar 72 49 0.8 3.6 plus 0.9, Poona 92 62 0 6.5 plus 5.2, Quetta 54 34 0.5 4.2 plus 0.7, Rajkot 93 59 0 1.1 plus 0.7, Sholapur 89 58 0 2.5 plus 0.6, Simla 52..53 43 T 3.9 minus 0.8, Srinagar 32 31 0.4 6.7 plus 1.3, Surat 96 6[illegible] 7.5 plus 7.0.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

There is hardly a greater advantage for a man to acquire than that of discussing the merits of his opponents; it gives him a decided ascendancy over them.

—Goethe.

The Bombay Chronicle

SOUND ADVICE

Gandhiji's advice to the Muslim League with regard to the Constituent Assembly is intensely sincere and sound in every detail and deserves to be accepted in toto by the League, though we fear it will not be so accepted, at any rate immediately. His main suggestion is that the League should first enter the Assembly and there state its case and influence the proceedings. The suggestion is evidently inspired by two fundamental principles: first that it is best for all Indians who wish to achieve and retain independence to rely upon themselves rather than on an external party for the settlement of their disputes, and, secondly, that no party should rely upon the law of the sword for the protection of its interests—indeed. Gandhiji assumes that the Muslims do not wish to rely on the sword in such a matter. The first principle is fundamentally sound and its soundness has been brought home to most Indians, including Muslims, by the history of British imperialism in India. It may be that in the settlement of some major problems it will be necessary for Congress and League to resort to arbitration, Congress having always agreed to the method if negotiations should fail. But one need not go outside the country to agree to an arbitrator. As regards preferring negotiations to force, the League itself has often and often insisted that important questions about constitution should be decided as far as possible by agreement rather than by "brute majority" or force. By keeping out of the Assembly the League gives little scope for negotiations and probable agreement.

Perhaps the League fears that once it enters the Constituent Assembly, it has to submit to the rule of the majority. Now, that rule is doubtless a sound one and is indispensable for the purpose of ending deadlocks. The League and the League Governments have followed it any number of times. But it is certainly not in the interests of the Congress for it to enforce the rule prematurely before exhausting all possibilities of agreement. The Congress knows but too well, having led the way, that every aggrieved individual or minority body has the right to non-co-operation or civil resistance, and Congress dare not drive a big disciplined minority like the Muslims into organised resistance before every possibility of agreement or compromise is explored. That right is open to the Muslims even after the League joins the Assembly. What can be fairer than the Congress stand that every possible chance should be given to negotiations and failing these, to arbitration? And what can be fairer than the Congress stand that the right to non-co-operation as the last resort should be available not only to the League but also to other bodies like for example, the province of Assam and the Sikh community?

As regards the League's suggestion that the British Government should declare the Assembly illegal, Gandhiji pertinently suggests that the charge should be made in a court of law. But the League knows that the charge will not stand in any court of law and knows also that the British Government has been extremely obliging to it recently and may be so again. Gandhiji, however, entertains the hope, though "somewhat shaken", that the Government will honestly carry to the end its own voluntary document. He hopes that "the British would not forfeit all credit for honest dealing with India", and he submits that the British Government "is bound to act according to the State Paper even if a few provinces choose to establish their independence in accordance with the Paper". Whatever the Government's decision in reply to the League's challenge it should be given very soon. And if the Government decides that the Congress has not accepted its supplementary statement of December 6 it should, of course, warn the Congress that the latter cannot, under the Statement of May 16, remain in the Interim Government without accepting the Statement.

It is significant that even the "Times" of London holds that the Congress has accepted the Statement of December 6 and that "the reservation, exempting provinces from compulsion and safeguarding Sikh rights in the Punjab, however ill-advised in view of League susceptibilities, was a plain invitation to Mr. Jinnah and his supporters to give Assam, the Frontier Province, and the Sikhs some kind of assurances as they were demanding for themselves". The paper also describes as "preposterous" the League's calling upon the British Government for a declaration that the Cabinet Mission Plan has failed and to demand the dissolution of the Constituent Assembly. It rather believes that "the plan has not failed" and adds: "The League, while apparently relying on the British declaration that a constitution framed by the Constituent Assembly, not fully representative, cannot be enforced upon unwilling parts of India, may perhaps have lost from sight the not less significant undertaking that a minority cannot be suffered indefinitely to impede the progress of the majority". More depends upon what the British Government thinks about the League's demand and it must express its view without any delay. We can only hope the Government will wholeheartedly endorse Gandhiji's sound advice to the League.

Frankly Speaking

Welcome Decision

When the Madras Public Safety Ordinance was promulgated last week we expressed our strong disapproval of some of its drastic provisions. The Ordinance has since been subjected to vigorous opposition in the Madras Legislature and also in the meeting of the Madras Congress Assembly Party. At the latter meeting the Premier, Mr. T. Prakasam is reported to have stated that the Ordinance would be replaced by a Bill eliminating all the clauses considered "obnoxious, excessive or infringing on the civil liberties of the subject." He is also reported to have given the assurance that the Bill would be so framed as not to vest the executive with excessive powers which might be misused. The assurance is very much welcome and Mr. Prakasam deserves to be congratulated on the promptness with which he has responded to public opinion which is anxious to safeguard civil liberties.

Glaring Instance

Ordinances on lines more or less similar to those of the Madras Ordinance have been promulgated in most of the other provinces, including the Punjab and Bengal. In Bombay, C. P. and the United Provinces these special measures have been approved by their respective legislatures A glaring instance of misuse of special Ordinances of this kind is provided by the draconian order served on the Press and news agencies by the Punjab Government. The result of this Order is that all news of the Muslim League's Satyagraha campaign is blacked out and all that we get is the not necessarily impartial stuff doled out by the Punjab Government. The action taken by the Punjab Government is not only foolish but purposeless and futile, because in the absence of news collected independently by the Press, rumours and unauthorized news spread all over the province and the country and do more harm to the Punjab Government than to any one else But the Punjab bureaucracy and the police, which dominate the Coalition Government, reck not what happens so long as the Congress, which is the major partner in the Coalition, is embarrassed. Our extreme regret is that the Punjab Congress Party does not realize whither it is being dragged by the bureaucracy and the police.

Repression Is Infectious

In this connection we draw special attention, especially of Ministers and M.L.A.'s all over the country to an excellent article contributed by Mr. A. D. Mani, editor of the Hitvada' to the Independence Number of "Forum". Though the subject of Mr. Mani's article is "Civil Liberties and the Communist menace, what he says is of wider application. As he rightly points out, apart from the success or failure attending repression, it will be a bad day for India if we begin our democratic career by repression, because repression is infectious and ineradicable. He recalls Mr. Herbert Morrison's definition of the limits for the extraordinary powers of detention in the celebrated case of Sir Oswald Mosley. Mr. Morrison said: 'This policy' is based not on the expediency of making martyrs of persons who do not deserve the honour but on the general principle that these extraordinary powers of detention without trial must not be used except in so far as they are essential for national security.... If I were to allow myself in the exercise of the drastic power of detention without trial entrusted to me by Parliament as an exceptional wartime measure to depart from the judicial frame of mind and to be influenced not by considerations of the public safety but by personal dislike or political opposition, I should no doubt be able to give entire satisfaction to my present critics, but I should be abusing the powers afforded by the Defence Regulations 18B and betraying the trust reposed in me by Parliament that those powers would be exercised in a judicial spirit and solely for the purpose of national security....."

Jawaharlal's Memorable Words

Mr. Mani suggests that there must be a proper understanding among our Ministers and Prime Ministers about the content of civil liberty because, as he says, that democracy is not worth having which tramples on the legitimate rights of the individual. Our Ministers and M.L.A.'s know what the Congress has stood for all these years and what it has fought for. Civil liberties have always found the stoutest champions among Congress leaders. Mr. Mani recalls the following memorable words of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in his presidential address to the Lucknow session of of the Congress: "But of one thing I must say a few words, for to me it is one of the most vital things that I value. That is the tremendous deprivation of civil liberties in India. A government that has to rely on the Criminal Law Amendment Act and similar laws, that suppresses the press and literature, that bans hundreds of organisations that keeps people in prisons without trial and that does so many other things that are happening in India today, is a government that has ceased to have even a shadow of a justification for its existence. I can never adjust myself to these conditions, I find them intolerable. And yet I find many of my own countrymen complacent about them, some even supporting them, some, who have made the practice of sitting on a fence into a fine art, being neutral when such questions are discussed. And I have wondered what there was in common between them and me and those who think as I do. We in the Congress welcome all co-operation in the struggle for Indian freedom; our doors are ever open to all who stand for that freedom and are against imperialism. But they are not open to the supporters of repression and those who stand by the British Government in the suppression of civil liberty. We belong to opposite camps." We are now passing through difficult times of communal bitterness and labour and peasant troubles and one can fully appreciate the heavy and onerous responsibilities of the Ministers and the temptations that beset them of getting over the difficulties by restricting civil liberties. Our Ministers, whether of the Congress or League persuasion, must not, however, forget that, unlike the bureaucratic governments which preceded them, they have the support of the people behind them in carrying out all the constructive ameliorative work that has to be done to meet the present discontent. They must, therefore, rely more and more on vigorous efforts to push forward this work rather than succumbing to the temptation of adopting the easy but slippery path of deprivation of civil liberties which Pandit Jawaharlal denounced in no uncertain terms.

Not India's Responsibility

Mr. P. W. Hewett, writing in the "Times" of London on the negotiations regarding compensation for British officials of the Indian Services in the event of loss of career, says that this question of compensation has nothing to do with the new Indian Government. He argues his point thus: "Any negotiation with them on the subject appears to be an ignoble attempt on the part of our Government to deny their own plain responsibility. It is not the Indian Government who are responsible for constitutional changes, but the British Government; it is not the new Indian Government who are proposing to break the implied contract but the British Government. It is clearly the British Government who are solely responsible for giving adequate compensation to those of their servants who may wish to leave Indian Services when they are no longer under the eventual control of Parliament." If the British Government accepts this view it will naturally be more critical about the claim. In any case, India cannot object to any compensation that the British Government may decide to pay from its own Treasury All that India insists is that, having agreed to allow the British officers to retire at any time on proportionate pension, which is itself a compensation for loss of career, she cannot agree to any further compensation as a general rule. If the pension is not sufficiently large, the officers are under no obligation to prefer it to continued service.

Burma's Hopes

General Aung San, Deputy Chairman of the Burma Executive Council and leader of the recent Burmese delegation to England, is enthusiastic about the British Government's White Paper on Burma and thinks that it represents "a radical reorientation of British policy towards Burma." He even believes that the political concessions contained in the White Paper are more numerous and far-reaching than what are granted to the present Indian Interim Government. And in proof of his view he points out that the White Paper has annulled the Government of Burma Act. We feel confident that in his national anxiety to have the document accepted by his country he will not be oblivious of its shortcomings. In the last analysis Burma's success, like that of India, will depend most upon the united stand the country maintains not only in the Constituent Assembly but also in the possible struggle for the enforcement of the constitution formulated by the Assembly.

DISPLACED EUROPEANS TO ENLIST IN U. S. ARMY

FRANKFURT, Feb. 5, (UPA): United States Army officials on Washington orders are at present studying the possibility of allowing European Displaced Persons to enlist in the regular United States Army.

Meanwhile, officials are looking to 500,000 Displaced Persons in the American zone as a possible source of labour to replace 90,000 German prisoners of war who will be released from labour units at the end of February.

U. S. Communist Leader Arrested

NEW YORK, Feb. 5 (APA): Berhardt Eisler, who last October was accused of being the director of Communist activity in the United States, was arrested yesterday at his New York home and charged with violation of the Enemy Alien Act. Following his arrest, Eisler was taken to Ellis Island for possible deportation.

India Government Threat Tells

Lid Off Ceylon's Gunny Bag Deal With S. Africa

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): The recent export of gunny bags from Ceylon to South Africa was referred to in a question put by Seth Govind Das and Mr. Manu Subedar.

Pandit Nehru said that necessary representations were made by the Government of India through their representative in Ceylon, and although about 311,000 gunny bags were shipped from Ceylon to South Africa while the representations of the Government of India were under consideration of the Government of Ceylon, that Government subsequently cancelled all outstanding licences and prohibited the export of about 489,000 gunny bags to South Africa.

Seth Govind Das: How were these gunny bags exported in spite of our representative being in Ceylon?

Pandit Nehru: How can Mr. Aney be expected to sit at the docks watching every shipment? (laughter). As soon as Mr. Aney got the information, he took strong measures.

Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, Commerce Member, said that the firms through which the gunny bags were exported to South Africa from Ceylon were:—

Austin De Mel Ltd.
Tillekeratna and Company.
Dodwell and Company Ltd.
Hayley and Kenny Ltd.
Aristonas; and
A. P. Appadurai.

The export of jute fabrics to all destinations, including Ceylon, was strictly regulated in accordance with destinational quotas and exports in excess of quotas fixed were not allowed. Ceylon was not taking more than its allotted quota, and the Government of India had no reason to assume that a portion of the quota would be diverted to South Africa. The firms concerned were outside the jurisdiction of the Government of India. The matter was taken up with the Ceylon Government and assurances obtained with regard to the future.

It was not possible to obtain such an undertaking from individual purchasers, but satisfactory assurances had been or were being obtained from Governments of the territories from which leakage of jute fabrics into South Africa was suspected.

INDIA IN THE DEAL

Mr. Manu Subedar: Has the attention of the Minister being drawn to a statement by the Ceylon Trade Commissioner to the effect that the exporting firms were Indian and has his attention also been drawn to a violent denial of such a chage by the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce?

Mr. Chundrigar: Out of the six firms, only one is Indian.

The Commerce Member said that the Government of India represented to the Ceylon Government that if they allowed any exports either of new gunnies or used gunnies from Ceylon to South Africa, the Government of India would presume that Ceylon had more stocks than necessary, and Ceylon's quota would therefore be cut. It was after this representation that the Ceylon Government gave the necessary undertaking.

INDIANS IN CANADA

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Member for External Affairs and Commonwealth Relations, said in the Central Assembly to-day in reply to Seth Govind Das that the Government of India had made representations to the Government of Canada urging the desirability of conferring franchise on Indians in British Columbia.

Pandit Nehru said in answer to Sardar Mangal Singh that the Canadian Government was understood to be in favour of removing these disqualifications and that the matter was being considered by the provincial legislature.

He hoped that in the course of the next month or two a Canadian High Commissioner would be in India and possibly an Indian High Commissioner would be in Canada.

INDIANS FOR U.N.O. SECRETARIAT

Replying to Mr. Ahmed Jaffer, Pandit Nehru said that out of a total staff of 2,992 in October last in the United Nations Secretariat, the number of Indians was five. One more Indian had since been appointed.

Government understood that the candidature of a number of Indians was at present under consideration in the Bureau of Personnel in the United Nations Secretariat.

Mr. Jaffer: What steps are being taken to see that all communities, including Muslims, get their appropriate share?

Pandit Nehru: General care is taken in all such matters to see that there is a fair allotment in regard to communities, provinces and the like, but the first consideration is merit and merit alone.

OFFICIAL BILLS

The Central Assembly to-day agreed to Mr. E. L. C. Gwill's motion for reference to a Selectet Committee of the Rubber (Production and Marketing Bill).

Earlier, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Home Member, introduced a Bill to continue certain special powers conferred on the administration in the Chief Commissioner's provinces for the better control of the dissemination of undesirable matters. The Bill covers the provisions of the Press Ordinance issued last week.

The House passed Mr. C. Rajagopalachari's Bill further to amend the Coffe Market Expansion Act 1942.

CANTEENS FOR FACTORIES

The House passed the Labour Member Mr. Jagjiwan Ram's Bill to amend the Factories Act. The Bill seeks to add to the Ractories Act, 1934, a new section enabling Provincial Governments to make rules requiring specified factories employing more than 250 persons, to set up canteens in conformity with prescribed standards.

Dr. John Matthai, Railway Member, introduced a Bill to further amend the Railways Act. Under the Indian Railways Act, the railways are projected from liability for loss or destruction of any package or parcel containing certain articles the value of which exceeds Rs. 100.

which exceeds Rs. 100 The present Bill is designed to raise the level of the value of packages or parcels from Rs. 100 to Rs. 300.

Discussion on this Bill had not concluded when the House took up consideration of Nawab Siddique Ali Khan's adjournment motion.

PUPPET KING OF TRANS-JORDAN

Opposition To Amir Abdullah Gathers Force

(From Our Correspondent)

JERUSALEM, (By Mail):

AMMAN: Three bombs exploded harmlessly near the house of the Prime Minister of Trans-Jordan, Ibrahim Pasha Hashim last night, it was officially reported here today. Beyond this short communique there was nothing to clarify the situation leading to the outrage and the Trans-Jordan consul in Jerusalem was reticent. This evening, it was reported, that no arrests had as yet been made.

While it is early to surmise on the possible perpetrators, it is known that for some time now a group of Trans-Jordanians, who call themselves the "Group of Free Young Men", have been active pamphleteers. Describing the present regime in the country as based on oppression and tyranny, the pamphlets distributed as recently as last week, urge the people of the new kingdom to rise and rid the "motherland from a government which has conspired with the imperialist to keep it in everlasting servility."

Attack On Anglo-Trans-Jordan Treaty

Although not attacking King Abdullah—now visiting Turkey—in person, the criticism is directed against the military annexe to the Anglo-Trans-Jordan Treaty of March, 1946, which "places our country under indirect British rule and direct dictatorial rule by virtue of a strange and unique constitution." (The Trans-Jordan Constitution was promulgated in Nov. 1946).

Judging from the dates of the pamphlets, seven of which have already appeared in circulation, the "Free Young Men" came "into the open" soon after the new monarchy was set up. The pamphlets are not all signed, but those of them that bear the names of four Trans-Jordanians in their capacity of executive committee. These come from known tribal claims and three of them are graduates from the Syrian University, Damascus.

Syd. Deifallah Humood, their spokesman, has recently been touring through Palestine, Lebanon and Syria. All known members of the group would be arrested if they entered Trans-Jordan he told me.

The centre from which the "Free Young Men" direct their activities is Damascus he admitted although there are about 50 of them residing in Beirut. The membership of the group is made up mainly of students at the various universities and colleges in the Levant. It is generally believed that in its present state, the Free Young Men's movement does not constitute a threat to the political stability within the new monarchy.

Republican Movement

But, as such they co-operate with an older and more serious "opponent", Dr. Subhi Abu Ghanima, whose group's programme has, for the past ten years, been for ousting the Hashemites and replacing the monarchy by a republic. This republican movement, it is believed, has not had great success in the past, chiefly because of King Abdullah's personal and repeated attempts to satisfy what he thought to be Dr. Abu Ghanima's main grudge, namely, opposition to the then Emir's employment of "foreigners" and non-Trans-Jordans in the state machinery as well as his unreserved submission to British dictates in all matters affecting the country.

With the coming to the fore of the Greater Syria plan, it transpired, Dr. Abu Ghanima had been secretly co-operating with the Syrian National Party (al Hizb el Gaumi es Suri) for a Greater Syria under a republican regime. The test came when King Abdullah as late as November last year unsuccessfully invited Dr. Abu Ghanima to join in the present ministry of Ibrahim Pasha Hashim—against whom, it is believed, the bomb outrage last night was directed.

Christian Arabs' Move

A third group of so-called "dissatisfied Trans-Jordanians" is the one led by Maitre Nejib Abu Shaar, a Christian Arab lawyer residing in Jerusalem—in voluntary exile—and is the leader of what is known as the "Arab Trans-Jordan Party." Membership of this party, it is understood, is made up chiefly of the Christian Arab element in Trans-Jordan, who consider the interests of Christians there—numbering about 30,000—have been neglected in the political field

Syd. Deifallah Humood told me that a conference of representatives of all the three groups was planned for convening in Damascus in the near future at which it was intended to conciliate the platforms and produce a "united front." In the circumstances their membership strength would reach over 1,000 educated exiles with an estimated 30,000 supporters residing in Trans-Jordan.

This conference it may assumed he added, would consider the implications of King Abdullah's recent visit to Turkey and will denounce any possible agreements which the King might contract with Turkey in the meantime.

"TRAVESTY OF EMPIRE"

"Daily Mirror" On British Conduct In Trinidad

LONDON, Feb. 5 (UPA): The "Daily Mirror" in a front page editorial disclosed today that British conduct in Trinidad was a "travesty of empire".

Inspired by its correspondent John Walters' report of a recent raid by the Island Police against the Trade Union Hall at the Port of Spain in the course of which the Union's printing press was smashed and several unionists shot, the 'Mirror' said British conduct "violates the whole spirit of enlightened Government in which we take pride".

The 'Mirror' said it had asked Walters to dig up facts after Sir Bede Clifford, Governor of Trinidad, had denied to the Colonial Office the report that the printing press had been smashed. The 'Mirror' said the destruction of the printing press was important because it "represented the workers' only access to the freedom of the printed word".

Walters' dispatch claimed the raid was led by Colonel Angus, British Commissioner, and a police force against 500 unarmed men and women who were resting in the Hall from a march to the capital to protest against oil field conditions to the Governor. According to Walters, the Police shot into the crowd wounding several and arresting others. When the Police left the hall after two days, the printing press was smashed.

ARAKAN LEADER AGAINST PAKISTAN

Talk Of Annexation Of Maungdaw Area Is Only "Over The Frontier"

RANGOON, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): U. Aungzan Wai, member for Social Services in the Governor's Executive, who is a native of Arakan, reacted sharply to the claim reportedly advanced by some Indian politicians for annexation of the Maungdaw-Buthidaung area into Bengal.

He declared: "We will strongly oppose any such move. The entire Arakanese are definitely against it. It is strange that all the fuss about annexation of parts of the Arakan Division to India seems to exist only on the other side of the frontier. I did not see or hear anything of it during my tour."

The Burmese leader added that the Arakanese people, "quite satisfied" with the Anglo-Burmese agreement, will co-operate in working out the terms of the White Paper.

END OF INSURRECTION

U Aungzan Wai who just returned here after a tour of the Arakans, revealed that U Seinda, former Buddhist monk, who reportedly led the "Arakan insurrection" and established a "parallel Government", surrendered to the authorities with several of his followers and all arms and ammunition in their possession.

The former "rebel" leader, said U Aungzan Wai, is now actively co-operating with the Government.

COMMUNISTS QUIT CONFERENCE

Nasik Peasants Refuse To Be Exploited

(From A Correspondent.)

NASIK, (By Mail.)

A conference of peasants convened by Communists who had misguided the people to believe that it was a Congress meeting, voted down the Communist proposals and declared faith in Congress leadership.

The conference was called to consider the difficult food position in the district. About three thousand villagers had gathered from all over the district.

The communists proposed the name of Com. Bhayyaji Kulkarni for the chair. The peasants argued that they were not prepared to accept any president forced upon them by the outsiders, and had a right to choose their own president. Thereupon Mr. D. S. Wagh, President of the Nasik District, Congress Peasants' Conference, was proposed to the chairs. The communists tried to put Com. Bhayyaji Kulkarni in the chair by force. The imported red-flag volunteers tried to intimidate the audience. But the peasants rose in protest. At last the communists had to quit the meeting. They held a separate meeting and invited the peasants to attend it. But none did. The conference adopted the following resolution.

"A state of famine has been created by the total failure of Rabbi crops and partial failure of Kharip crops and hence the meeting requests the Government that

(A) Famine conditions should be declared in the district.

(B) Levy collections should be stopped forthwith.

(C) Seeds and manuese for summer food crops should be provided to needy peasants.

"VANGUARD" NEAR SALVAGE ISLANDS

ON H.M.S. "VANGUARD", Feb. 5 (Reuter): Expecting to reach Santa Cruz on the island of Teneriffe in the Canaries this morning the battleship "Vanguard", taking the British Royal family to South Africa, was 30 miles north-west of the Salvage Islands, north of the Canaries, at midnight.

COLOMBO, Feb. 4, (Reuter): General Sir Neil Ritchie, Commander-in-Chief, South-East Asia Land Forces, who is enroute for Singapore to take up his post, arrived here in the transport Andes today.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, Feb. 4 (Reuter): Mr. Winston Churchill, referring to India's sterling balances in the House of Commons to-day asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Dr. Hugh Dalton: "Is it not fact that the Governor-General of India in the time of the late Government was notified that Great Britain reserved her full right to present a counter-claim on account of effective defence of India by all means—land, sea, air and diplomacy, by which the freedom of India from foreign invasion was secured?"

* * *

LONDON, Feb. 4 (Reuter): In an editorial on communal alignments in India, the "Times" criticises the decisions reached by the Working Committee of the Muslim League in Karachi last week, some of which it describes as preposterous and again calls on the Congress to try to dispel Muslim fears.

This two-mouthed homily reminds us of a certain historic gentleman who is capable of blowing hot and cold in the same breath.

* * *

London City circles assume that it will involve a partition either imposed immediately, as the Colonial Secretary Mr. Arthur Creeche-Jones is said to desire, or be effected later through mediation of the United Nations, which is believed to be Mr. Bevin's preference.

Remember the old story of Solomon and the baby? Now that partitioning judgment seems to have come home to roost on the Holy Land itself!

* * *

A political correspondent forecasts that Lord Wavell has invited Mr. Jinnah for a free and frank talk on the latest League developments.

His Excellency is, of course, famous as a good listener.

* * *

MADRAS, Feb. 4 (A. P. I.): The Madras Public Safety Ordinance will be replaced by a bill eliminating all the clauses considered "oonoxious, excessive or infringing on the civil liberties of the subject." An assurance to this effect was given by the Premier, Mr. T. Prakasam to the Madras Legislature Congress Party which concluded its discussion on the Ordinance to-day.

Meanwhile, the Premier confidently trusts, all the persons considered "obnoxious, excessive or infringing on the civil liberties" of the Ministry will also be eliminated—in the approved non-violent manner!

* * *

With reference to the Karachi resolution of the League, the Constituent Assembly Secretariat has issued a statement denying that any secret decisions were taken in the "in camera" sitting of the Consembly.

We protest against such wanton provocations. They should have had the good sense to anticipate the League Resolution and take a few secret decisions at least.

* * *

NO INCIDENT IN CITY

—Headline in evening paper.

What! Has the fear of the Caffin already done the trick?

* * *

"Your husband says that when he is angry he always counts ten before he speaks." said one woman to another.

"Yes," answered the other, "I wish he'd stop it. Since he's had dyspepsia, home seems nothing but a class in arithmetic."

QUESTION OF FINANCING ROAD DEVELOPMENT

TRIVANDRUM, Feb. 5 (A. P. I.): Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Aiyar, Dewan of Travancore, in the course of his inaugural address at the eleventh annual general session of the Indian Roads Congress (which was read out in his absence) expressed disappointment at the recent announcement of the Central Government, proposing not to include Indian States in the national highways programme.

Presiding over the conference Mr. J. Chambers, Chief Engineer to the Bengal Government demanded implementation of the Nagpur Plan of road development, the setting up of an impartial and independent road board, and an advisory council, similar to the Railway Board, and the earmarking of road revenues exclusively for the financing of road development.

"If this form of control is not acceptable to Government", Mr. Chambers said, "We would ask for consideration of some other form of control and some other methods of ensuring the regular financing of road development."

Aboriginals Kill Two Policemen

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): Aerial reconnaissance was carried out in the Susang area in East Bengal and reinforcements of armed police were sent there following the recent insurgent behaviour of the Hajangs (Aboriginals). This is announced in a Bengal Government Press Note issued this evening which states:

"According to official reports so far received, the disturbances broke out in the jurisdiction of Durgapur police station in the district of Mymensingh when the Hajangs decided to resist Government officers. During the course of house searches on January 30, a police party was attacked by a mob of Hajangs and was compelled to open fire in self-defence. Two police constables were reported to be missing and on investigation it was found that they had been killed. The Hajangs are also reported to have burnt a Zamindary Kutchery and seized paddy carts. Arrangements were made for aerial reconnaissance of the area and reinforcements of armed police were dispatched The District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police have proceeded to the spot."

FORMATION OF INDIAN FOREIGN SERVICE

Nehru Details Plans In Reply To Assembly Questions

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): Details of how plans for the formation of the Indian foreign service were developing were given by Pandit Nehru in reply to Prof. Ranga in the Assembly today. "Normal recruitment of young men both to the all-India administrative service and to the foreign service," he said "will be through a single competition conducted by the Federal Public Service Commission though we shall seek to provide in this competition for certain special requirements for the foreign service.

"It must be recognised, however that the new service cannot be built up entirely by direct recruitment of young men from the universities and that at the beginning at any rate it will be necessary to provide for an intake of candidates of higher age groups from different walks of life. We have at our disposal a certain number of Indian officers of the Indian Political Service and other existing services who have had experience of representing their country in foreign lands.

"We have requested provinces and departments of the Central Government to invite and forward to us with their recommendations applications from Indian officers of the I.C.S. and provincial civil services (and allied services at the centre) who have the desire and can claim some suitability for employment in the foreign service. We have recently seen some of the successful emergency commissioned officers candidates from the Federal Public Service Commission designated as suitable for the Indian political service and I hope that about fifteen of them will now come into the foreign service.

We intend to call again for applications from emergency commissioned officers under the age of 30 (excluding those who have been unsuccessful in the earlier F.P.S. competition). And finally we shall invite applications from members of the general public between the ages of 25 and 45 who satisfy certain educational and other requirements.

'Save of course in the case of those members of existing Civil Services, who have already been successful in competitions held by the Civil Service Commissioners in London or the Federal Public Service Commission in India, we shall rely throughout on the Federal Public Service Commission for selection, though I hope to arrange for my own Department to be associated with the F.P.S.C. in the final stages of selection".

RED SHIRTS TURN BACK

Replying to a question put by Mr. Sasanka Sanyal, he said that a report received from the local administration stated that a party of Khudai Khidmutgars sought to enter the Khyber Agency by the Mullagori Road without previously informing the Political Agent. It was further stated that there was no official at this point of entry. The members of the party, it was said, were informed by the local Khassadar (tribal police) that they might meet with opposition in villages, if they proceeded, and thereupon the party decided to return.

INSTRUCTIONS ISSUED

General instructions had, however, been issued to the Political Agents by the Frontier Administration that political workers of any party were free to enter tribal territory on the understanding that no responsibility for their safety could be undertaken, unless they informed the Political Agent concerned and kept to the protected roads.

COMPETENT OFFICERS FOR TRIBAL AREAS

Mr. Sanyal asked whether Government had considered the question of appointing a separate authority to deal with the tribal areas, in view of the fact that the Governor of the N.-W.F.P. was also Agent to the Governor-General in the tribal areas, and this arrangement was not satisfactory. Pt. Nehru replied: The Government of India are considering the replacement of a large number of officers by more competent persons.

INDIANS IN SOUTH AFRICA

"Government have taken no specific step in regard to the struggle of Indians in South Africa since the decision of the UNO Assembly", said Pandit Nehru in reply to Babu Ram Narayan Singh. "In accordance with that decision it is natural to expect that the South African Government will take some steps to remove the grievances of the Indians in South Africa. Any such action will be welcomed by the Government of India and will have their co-operation in so far as this is necessary.

"It is understood that Indians in South Africa are continuing the passive resistance movement. The Government of India are closely following developments and will take appropriate steps as soon as they consider them necessary".

"Government are fully alive to the feelings of sympathy for the Viet Namese among all sections of Indian public opinion, and themselves share those feelings. There is no doubt that the French Government are aware both of these sentiments, which have frequently been expressed by members of the Government in public utterances, and otherwise, and of the universal desire in India that fighting in Indo-China should be ended at the earliest possible moment."

REHABILITATION OF INDIANS IN BURMA

Some 12,367 Indians belonging to the armed forces were killed in Burma during the last war, said Pt. Nehru in reply to the same member.

Referring to the question of reinstatement of Indians in their pre-war position, he said this was obviously an integral part of the wider question of the reconstruction and rehabilitation of Burma and her recovery from war devastation. "Indians have been associated with the various measures taken for the restoration of the economic life of Burma. The Government of India have maintained the utmost vigilance to ensure that Indians derive their legitimate share of benefit from the various reconstruction measures adopted by the Government of Burma. The Governments of India have also taken all possible measures to facilitate the return of evacuees to Burma and have helped in the restoration of export and import trade between India and Burma. Considering the economic devastation caused by the last war Indians have made considerable progress towards rehabilitation of their position in Burma".

LEAGUE MOTION TO CENSURE GOVT. FOILED

(Continued from Page 1)

had burnt in Hazara. Mr. Ghani Khan failed to understand how any action taken for the protection of innocent women and children could be barbaric. Hostages taken for the protection of human lives and property and for ordinary human justice could not be called anything but good and wise. How could anyone call them primitive and inhuman unless one was so blinded by communal madness that one failed to see the difference between virtue and crime? he asked.

Taking of hostages, Mr. Ghani Khan said was neither good nor bad. It all depended on the intention and the result it produced.

"BACKING POLITICAL MURDER"

To see one countryman killing another was something that shocked and disgusted an ordinary Pathan like him. Referring to the adjournment motion Mr. Ghani Khan said: "The Nawab Sahib is a believer in Pakistan—whose whole idea of justice and security, external and internal, is based on using as hostages millions of men and women living in Pakistan as minority communities and yet his cultured soul is shocked when we use the same system in a small way to protect the lives of Indians against people over whom we have no other hold." He characterised the adjournment motion as "an effort to back political murder" in the name of peace.

Sardar Mangal Singh opposed the motion.

EXPERTS FOR FRONTIER

Sardar Mangal Singh charged Government with having taken insufficient preventive action. They did nothing for three weeks and after three weeks the punishment they gave was extremely lenient. The fine imposed was only about 45 per cent of the value of the property burnt and looted so that the fine amounted to a "commission to the Government of India."

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Member for External Affairs, contended that "Government, whatever its many failings might be, has succeeded remarkably in dealing with this particular situation". He submitted that "this motion, which condemns Government for its "barbarity", has absolutely no justification whatever. There is no question of barbarity. We have dealt with the situation with extreme leniency and justice". (loud cheers).

Government, said Pandit Nehru, gave very earnest consideration to various proposals that were put to them for dealing with the tribesmen involved. "The proposals were that immediately we should bomb these territories from the air. As the House knows, we have been averse to bombing and we are averse to bombing. Powerful arguments were advanced, that this was the safest, honest and quickest way of putting an end to the trouble and we are told there was danger that if we did not put an end to the trouble, it might affect the other tribal territories round about and that the settled areas were in danger. It was a very difficult position for us because we dare not take the responsibility for the trouble spreading. On the other hand, we were totally averse to this bombing business.

I must confess to this House that I spent a very difficult day and two very difficult nights thinking over this problem and consulting others. I came to the conclusion for a variety of reasons that we should not bomb. Meanwhile we had been awaiting further news about developments in Hasara district. Further news confirmed my conclusion".

"LENIENT TERMS"

The terms announced were a fine of Rs. 75,000 and 75 rifles and the surrender of 40 hostages. "I need not say much about the money part or the rifles. It was undoubtedly lenient. So far as the question of hostages was concerned, the mover of the motion asked us if we were going to behead the hostages. As a matter of fact, the House will remember that many of these tribesmen are continually taking hostages from us. It is a daily,—if not daily, frequent—practice. Every person kidnapped is a hostage held up for ransom and sometimes ransom comes to a worse end.

The real question before us is how we are to face this contingency? How are we to stop this? I shall be very glad if any honourable member will help us in finding a solution. So far as I know, taking hostages means keeping certain persons handed over more or less as detenus in some restraint, not in prison but in some measure of restraint, till the terms are fulfilled and till there is an assurance that no trouble will occur. It is unfortunately a custom which has been prevailing for some time past in the Frontier areas and whether I liked it or not, I did not think myself justified in coming in the way of the local officials who have been functioning in that way. I could not say 'you must not do it' unless I could offer an alternative".

Government told them not to indulge in air proscription. If we further went about telling them 'do this' or 'do that', who was going to be responsible for the safety of the people there or for the prevention of any further disorder? "I do not think that keeping 40 or 50 or 60 men in restraint the House will remember that thousands had been kept in restraint in various parts of India—is any medieval bararity or anything of that sort. It really means that certain persons who have misbehaved are kept in detention for whole for good behavious".

What Government did, he submitted, had been justified by events. We always had to find a balance between two factors—one was that we must make the evil-doers feel that they had done a wrong and if they persisted in it they would be punished and the other was not to go so far to make them feel humiliated and revengeful so that they might revert to their evil-doing afterwards. "That balance is a difficult balance to find and I think in this particular matter, we did succeed in arriving at that balance and found some kind of a middle way, avoiding either extreme".

This could be judged by the fact that after the first two or three days' raids, when a number of murders and looting occurred, nothing further occurred. We could keep the tribesmen in check, whether with the constabulary or with the armed forces. "Secondly, when the terms, which were supposed to be 'terrible', were announced, they were accepted very soon. Even before the troops entered the tribal territory, the terms were accepted and part payment was made immediately. He did not know if complete payment had been made but about three-fourths of the payment was made and most of the rifles and hostages given. Leading maliks of the area accepted the terms and promised good behaviour "so that such a terrible incident ended in relatively less ill feeling than it might have done and as one member said, the people who had run away from their homes are returning to their homes. That too is a sign how soon we are trying to go back to normal conditions".

ONLY TWO ALTERNATIVES

It was the amazing lack of justification for the motion which led him to ask the President to give the House time to listen to what could be put forward for a motion which seemed to him to lack substance of every kind, said Pandit Nehru. He was anxious also that this matter should be debated in the House because so much had been said and so much was being said directly or by insinuation about various things happening in the frontier that a debate would probably not only enlighten the House but the country. "Government inevitably have to follow a policy which is commendable to this House and the country. We have only two alternatives before us if the policy suggested by us does not commend itself to the House—we have to change that policy or we have to resign. I have no doubt that on future occasions we may come up here for more guidance and directives as to how we should proceed about the general policy to be pursued".

RESPONSIBILITY ACCEPTED

"As Member in charge of the External Affair. Department, I am fully responsible for anything that may happen in the Frontier in regard to this Department. I do not for an instant deny any responsibility or disclaim it.

Nevertheless the House knows well that any head of a Department has to function through the machinery and apparatus which he inherits. He cannot function just as he will unless that machinery and apparatus are changed. The Frontier machinery and apparatus have been trained in a particular way through a hundred years. It is not so much a question of the present personnel but they have been trained in a particular way. It is a way with which I have little sympathy. Naturally so, because that policy was laid down long ago with different objectives and today with an entirely different approach few people can have sympathy with that policy.

NO NEW POLICIES

I do not propose to argue whether that policy in the past had succeeded or failed. It is certainly, I would submit, totally out of keeping with the present day. And so it was a big question before us, how far with this present machinery and apparatus of Government in the Frontier province, trained in and used to the past policies, we would initiate big new policies without some other changes also. So far all these reasons we decide not to put forward any radical new policies for the moment and wait rather for the Advisory Council and Constituent Assembly to consider these matters. If, however, an occasion arises when some aspects of this policy has to be considered, the House may take it that we will place the matter before it for consideration before any vital change is made.

"REPLY IS PAKISTAN!"

Maulana Zafarali Khan said that the Muslim League Party had been asked to put forward an effective proposal to bring the matter to an end. "I shall give a reply and that reply is Pakistan, partition of India into two parts" he said. (cries of oh oh) "Pakistan" Maulana Zafarali added "is coming somehow or other."

Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed believed that the people who were killed and the houses that were looted in Hazara district were black-marketeers and money lenders who had extracted exorbitant prices and interest and the motive behind the trouble was economic. He did not think there was any plot to make a planned attack as Sardar Mangal Singh had alleged. Dr. Ziauddin said that the problem was not going to be solved by keeping hostages. If the hostages were sent back and if negotiations were opened with tribesmen, then better relations with the tribesmen would be established.

ATTEMPT TO MOVE CLOSURE

An attempt to move closure was made at this stage and the President said that one more speaker would be allowed and thereafter closure would be applied. Muslim League members particularly Mr. Essak Sait declared that there are a number of more speakers from among themselves, and that the debate had not lasted long enough. The Chair, however, held that these considerations did not apply and that after the next speaker the debate would close.

Khawaja Nazimuddin (Muslim League) said the real question was whether the present Interim Government composed as it was of representatives of the two major parties was going to act differently from the earlier Government composed largely of Britishers and I.C.S. Officials.

Closure was applied and Mr. Siddiqui Ali Khan, the mover was called upon to reply to the debate. He said in view of the fact that undue advantage had been taken of the brute majority to stifle the debate he did not wish to exercise his right of reply.

The Adjournment motion was then put to vote and rejected by 64 votes to 16 the House adjourned till tomorrow.

LEAGUE DEPUTATION FOR LAHORE TO STUDY SITUATION

Arrests For Defiance Of Ban Continue

LAHORE, Feb. 5, (API): A batch of 80 Muslims led by Mr. Ibrahim, Councillor of the Lahore Corporation, which marched in a procession from Mochi Gate was arrested on the Mayo Road this evening.

Sixty-five Muslims who were arrested last evening were taken out of Lahore and were let off, it is learnt here today.

LEAGUE VERSION

Many persons have been arrested in Jhelum city during the last week, according to a bulletin issued by the Punjab Muslim League headquarters.

The bulletin states: In Hoshiarpur, 36 persons were arrested for taking out processions.

Eleven persons were arrested in Sargodha yesterday.

Processions were taken out in Khushab town yesterday but the Police did not interfere.

A big public meeting was held at Jamalpur and later a procession was taken out in the main streets of the town. No person was arrested.

MR. LIAQUAT ALI'S STATEMENT

Mr Liaquat Ali Khan, says in the course of a statement that "I read in the press yesterday a report of the most brutal and barbarous torture inflicted by the police on a batch of women including Begum Firoz Khan Noon.

"I could not easily believe that any civilized Government could be guilty of such shocking and barbarous treatment toward any women prisoners, to say nothing of women holding high position in life courting arrest in a movement of civil disobedience in a moral fight for popular rights."

LEAGUE DEPUTATION FOR LAHORE

In view of the disquieting reports that are being received by the All India Muslim League, a deputation consisting of Mr. Mohammad Ismail Khan, M.L.A. (Central), Chairman of the Committee of Action, Khawaja Nazim-Ud-Din, Deputy Leader of the Muslim League Assembly Party and Mr. Siddiq Ali Khan, M.L.A. (Central) Salar-I-Ala of the Muslim National Guards is proceeding to Lahore to study the situation and ascertain true facts.

PUNJAB GOVT. COMMUNIQUE.

LAHORE, Feb. 5, (A. P. I.): The Punjab Government issued the following communique on the Muslim League agitation in the Province:—

The situation throughout the Province is improving although at some places processions are being taken out as usual. A few persons in jail have again tendered apology and were let off. In some towns only women and school boys were seen in the processions. Some processions in connection with Id-e-Milad were also taken out.

Today in Lahore small processions of boys were taken out in the city and then a meeting was held. Afterwards procession was taken out and marched towards the Circular Road.

In Rawalpindi communal feelings are reported to be somewhat tense. A quarrel outside the local cinema over a cup of tea took a communal turn resulting in stabbing which proved fatal.

NO INCIDENTS IN CITY ON WEDNESDAY

"No incidents have been reported today" states a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity on Wednesday night.

Lucknow Curfew Withdrawn

LUCKNOW, Feb. 5 (API): The curfew which had been imposed on Muslims within the limits of Police Stations Chowk, Wazirgunj and Saadatganj in view of Madhe Sahaba agitation started by the local Sunnis yesterday has been withdrawn by the District Magistrate.

No processions were taken out today and the day has been free from incident of any kind. Police precautions however continue.

Curfew In Agra

AGRA, Feb. 5, (A. P. I.): Curfew has been imposed from 6 p.m. today to 8 a.m. tomorrow. Thirty persons were arrested today under the Public Safety Ordinance Sec. 144 Cr. P. C. has been imposed prohibiting spreading of rumours, processions, meetings or anything likely to lead to communal trouble and breach of public peace and carrying lathis, weapons, and collecting bricks.

League Flag On Govt. House Gate

LAHORE, Saturday.

11 persons of Nankana Saheb who have been sentenced to 2½ years' rigorous imprisonment each under the Public Safety Ordinance passed through Lahore on their way to Rawalpindi Jail. They were handcuffed and fettered.

The Muslim League flag with crescent and star flew over the gates of the Government House this afternoon, the heroine of the drama was Zahida Hyat, daughter of the late Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan. Along with Begam Mumtaz Daultana she led a thousand-strong procession of Muslim women who carried children on their arms and marched towards Government House.

Amidst vociferous shouts of "Down with Khizr Ministry" Zahida Hyat planted the League flag on Government House gate. It fluttered there for a while and was eventually removed by a police constable.

On the way the women's procession passed the house of Minister Qizilbash demonstrated for some time. The door of the Qizilbash household were bolted and barred.—"Dawn"

LABOUR LEADER SERIOUSLY INJURED IN RAILWAYMEN'S CLASH

Sequel To Expulsion Of S.I.R. Union From Federation

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Khan, one of the Vice-Presidents of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, who presided over its general Council meeting, was assaulted and sustained serious injuries in a scuffle over a dispute arising from the expulsion of the S. I. R. Union and Mr. Mirza Ibrahim from the Federation. The scuffle took place at the Diwan Hall here to-day where the Council met.

Mr. Khan who sustained serious lathi blows on his head and forehead was removed to the Irwin Hospital.

The Council considered that the S. I. R. strike was engineered by the Communist Party contrary to the rules of the Federation and weakened the solidarity of labour by precipitating such strikes. The Council, therefore, by a resolution decided to disaffiliate the S. I. R. Union and warn other Unions which contemplated similar activities.

Mr. Mirza Ibrahim was expelled from the Vice-Presidentship of the Federation by an overwhelming majority on the alleged charges of having carried on abusive propaganda against certain affiliated Unions and instigated local strikes against the discipline and mandates of the Federation.

After the meetig, some persons alleged to be Mr. Ibrahim's supporters entered the hall and created a scene, causing injury to Khan and Mr. Miller, President of the N. W. Workers' Union.

PREPARING FOR NEXT WAR?

Moscow Charge Against Anglo-American Military Combine

MOSCOW, Feb. 5 (I.P.A.): Russian Maj.-Gen. Galaktionov in an article in the "New Times" accuses Britain and America of preparing for the next war.

Criticising the recent Anglo-American military co-operation the writer suggests that the arrangement is unusual in the history of international relations. He contends that even against Hitler the Coalition of Big Three was less comprehensive.

Asking what the Combined Staffs were doing after 18 months of termination of the war, he assumes the purpose of this setup is to work out future joint operation with new strategic plans. Accordingly he concludes that the fusion of British and American arms must be accompanied by political commitments by both Governments.

"Times" Applauds Aung San

LONDON, Feb. 5 (Reuter): "The Times" notes with satisfaction that U Aung San and his colleagues have quickly been able to allay the anxiety recently caused in Burma by a misunderstanding of the results of the London conversations and that the London conclusions have been adopted unanimously by the Working Committee of the Anti-Fascist Peoples Freedom League.

"The opposition now developing from the two Communist parties as well as from the Myochit Dobama and Sinyetha groups cannot alter the fact that a preponderance of organised political opinion in Burma has become a partner with Britain in guiding the country towards speedy independence", "The Times" says.

Referring to the forthcoming conference at Padang, when the main business will be to elicit the wishes of the frontier peoples on the form of their association with Burma, both during the interim period and afterwards, "The Times" adds that it seems clear that an honest endeavour will be made to arrive at a settlement by free consent.

SYDNEY THREATENED WITH DOCK STRIKES

SYDNEY, Feb. 4, (Reuter): Sydney Wharf Labourers have been instructed to refuse any work today unless the men suspended yesterday are reinstated. Warf labourers were suspended at most Australian ports yesterday when they refused work between 8 and 11 p.m. and also refused to work overtime.

Federal Arbitration Court.

ed and referred the matter to the

The Federal Government intervened. Waterside Workers Federaton banned night work and overtime to enforce demands for two weeks annual holiday at 176 shilling weekly. Ship owners offered two weeks at 121 shillings and three pence weekly.

PUNJAB UNIONIST MINISTERS' PLIGHT

The Punjab Muslim Ministers seem to be in the particularly difficult position. They are heavily guarded by armed police. They can communicate with their colleagues only through telephone and get news of Muslim League moves by radio. Their relations threaten their boycott and storming of their houses by infuriated co-religionists apprehended.—"Vanguard."

MADHUSUDAN MILLS, LTD.—At an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of the Company held on Monday, two resolutions were passed as Ordinary Resolutions. The first of the two resolutions stated that out of the 17,000 ordinary A shares of the Company of Rs. 100 each which have remained unissued, 10,800 ordinary A shares of Rs. 100 each be issued at par and that they do rank in all respects 'pari passu' with the existing ordinary A shares of the Company, except that they shall not be entitled to dividend for the year ended 30th June 1946.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET.

MADRAS, Feb. 5.

Trading again proved difficult due to absence of investment support and apathy on the part of professional operators. Travancore banks and Mysore banks were sharply marked down whilst in the textile group most of the shares lost ground considerably due to fears of a strike in Coimbatore to start from next week.

The market closed barely steady.

Following are today's quotations on the Madras Stock Exchange:—

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 28/12; Do. 68; India Sugar 22/12; Mysore Sugar 62; Travancore 18/12.

PLANTING: Cochin Malabar 22/6; Chembra Peaks 12/7; Kalpettas 20/12; Kalasa 16/8; Ouchterlony 13/6; Pullangodes 2/9; Thirumbadi 3/15.

TEXTILES: Bangalore Wol. 611/8 B. and C. Ordy. 426; Cambodia 27/4; Coimbatore Cm. 297/8; Dhanalaxmi 280; Mettur 335; Madura 98; Wasantha 391.

MISCELLANEOUS: And Cement 117/8; Hind Trust 2½; Ind. St. Roll 17/8; Mysore Chem. and Fert 16/4; Mettur Chem. 5; Do. Defd. 5/1; Singareni 16; Spencer 15/2.—(A. P. I.)

Father Of 45 Babies At 17!

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 4 (U.P.A.): A German boy aged 17 who yesterday left Denmark for Germany with a transport of war refugees is leaving behind in a refugee camp 45 babies of whom he became the father during his stay in Denmark. The boy is nicknamed by his compatriots "Father Germania."

SOVIET DEPUTY'S CHARGE AGAINST AUSTRIA

LONDON, Feb. 5 (UPA): Soviet Deputy Fedor Gusev today charged by implication that the Austrian Government had not taken adequate measures for de-Nazification.

Gusev claimed that a total of 536,000 Fascists had been established at the end of hostilities of which 92,000 were members of the Fascist Party before the Anschluss.

Gusev demanded an explanation from Austrian Foreign Minister Dr. Karl Gruber as to what the Austrian Government had done to prevent the resurrection of Fascism in Austria.

Gruber stated that a total of 66 000 would come under examination of the de-Nazification laws of whom 26,000 have been brought before the courts with 2,307 having received sentences. A total of 136,000 persons, incuding civil servants, had been removed from office. Gruber claimed that the new de-Nazification law now before Parliament in Vienna would finally settle the de-Nazification problem.

A new Austrian memorandum replying to the questions asked by the Deputies will be presented this week.

Deccan States Peoples Representatives To Meet At Delhi

KOLHAPUR, Feb. 4 (API): Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the All-India States People's Conference has invited a deputation of Deccan States People's Conference to meet at Delhi sometime before February 15 to discuss matters relating to Deccan States Union.

The Deputation will, it is learnt, consist of Messrs. Madhavrao Bagal, and Vardhamane both from Kolhapur, Mr. Patnaker of Sangli, Mr. Shikhare of Miraj and Mr. Sabade of Jamkhandi.

British Muddle Sowing Seeds Of Third German War

LONDON, Feb. 5, (UPA): Charging that because of mis-management in the British zone of Germany the seeds of a third German war were being sown, Richard Law, ex-member of the Churchill Cabinet underlined the Opposition's demand for a debate on condition in Germany.

Law told the Commons that "in the Opposition's judgment neither the country nor the Government is yet alive to the appalling gravity of the situation in the British zone of Germany. The situation is grave because you have there in the heart of western Europe 20,000,000 to 30,000,000 human beings rotting to death before our eyes. If we want to save Europe we have to heal that corruption and do it quickly. The position is grave because I believe we are piling up by the muddle of mis-management and our good intentions the seeds of a third German War and, finally, I believe the position of Germany is vital because it has an important bearing on our own economic difficulties."

NEWS IN BRIEF

WARSAW, Feb. 5, (A.P.A.)): "Boleslaw Beirut", son of a peasant and onetime printer's apprentice, was elected President of Poland today for the next seven years.

BANGKOK, Feb. 5, (Reuter): Siam's Foreign Minister, Dhek Chainam, who submitted his resignation to the Premier yesterday, told reasmen today that his resignation was not due to any difference, but having successfully completed the first phase of Siam's Post-War Diplomacy, he felt he was entitled to rest.

SANGLI, Feb. 5, (A.P.I.): The population in the rural areas in the Miraj Junior State are being harrassed by a gang of dacoits led by 'nna Bala Ramoshi says a report reaching here. The report adds that the dacoits are extracting money from the people by threatening and belabouring them.

LONDON, Feb. 5, (A.P.A.): A cold wave spread over Britain and Western Europe today slowing the wheels of industry and isolating snow-bound provincial villages.

POONA, Feb. 4, (A. P. I.): The All-India Hindu Mahasabha may shortly send deputations to Burma, China, Japan and other South-East Asia countries to establish cultural and political relationships with these countries and to prepare the ground to hold a conference of representatives of South-East Asian countries. As at Gorakhpur, said the Hindu Mahasabha President Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar in an interview here today.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

About 600,000 units of Penicillin are already in me and about 800,000 to 300,000 more will go into this Column's writes by the time this reaches you. Consequently a slight laxity in the writing of it may become apparent to its regular readers which, it is hoped, will be overlooked. The feeling of having this wonder drug in you is one of rare cleanliness, so different from the days when after sulphur drugs one felt depressed and low. It would be well if the uses of this drug were made known to the lay public through educational films, simplified in language the average man can understand.

* * * *

Without Comment:

The "Evening News" speaking of Gwalior's "Alijah" said "He is one of a RACKET of three from this stable and will probably be its main hope".

Well said Hotspur!

"Racket" is the right word!

* * *

The applause which greeted "Aerial Mail" and "Eastern Jest", two complete outsiders which won cup events showed how appreciative and sporting the racing public is when horses owned by small owners win big events.

The owners of "Aerial Mail" are Messrs. F. Piscionieri and Hoosein Khairaz. That of "Eastern Jest" is Mr. Amiruddin Tyebjee. All these people I have known for quite sometime. When they have a horse with a chance, they tell everyone they know to back it. Their horses are always on the job, whether the owner or owners are on the course or not. The public like to see people like these win and even though they were few who backed these outsiders, the consistency of the stable from which they came was the cause of the public's applause. No one grudged them their win.

In comparison when H. H. of Gwalior leads his winning horse in you can, these days, hear a pin drop. Even if it is a favourite and the public have won on it, they are not willing to give the owner a hand.

The Stewards of the R.W.I.T.C. may not take action against the Gwalior stable but they certainly, cannot stage a cheer for him!

SMUTS' NEW 'SQUARE DEAL' TO INDIANS!

(Continued From Page 1)

known as "Indian Advisory Board", composed of European and Indian members who will be appointed by the Government and who will be representative as far as possible of national, provincial, local and Indian interests.

"In many ways the functions of this Board will be analogous to those of the Coloured Advisory Council which, since its establishment four years ago, proved to be a valuable instrument for the improvement of the lot of the coloured community of South Africa and whose recommendations led to significant advances of that community in Economic and Social welfare spheres.

"Just as the formation the Coloured Advisory Council has not deprived individual coloured persons or coloured organisations of the right of access to any Government department or Minister, so also the appointment of the Indian Advisory Board is not intended to take away from the Indians any rights or privileges enjoyed by them today" General Smuts statement continued "But it is very necessary for the Government to know at all times what the actual position is, and there must be some body whose task it is to ensure the Government's policy is implemented.

WATCHDOG OF INDIAN INTERESTS

"In other words, it is contemplated that the Indian Advisory Council should act as a watch-dog of Indian interests in South Africa and be free to advise the Government on all matters affecting those interests. It is principally for this reason that it has been decided to have this body falling under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Interior.

"The office of the Commissioner for immigration and Asiatic Affairs will provide the necessary Secretariat for the Board and this Secretariat in turn will act as a Clearing House and be a Liaison between the Board and all Government Department, provincial administrations and local authorities just as the special section of the Department of social welfare acts as a Liaison between such departments, administrations and authorities and the coloured Advisory Council.

"The Board's functions will be to advise the Government on all matters relating to the welfare of the Indian community", the statement said. "It's scope, there, is to be unrestricted in the advisory field and not limited to matters specially referred to it from time to time.

U. S. Plane's Test Flight To India

NEW YORK, Feb. 5 (Reuter): The Pan-American Airways announced that a plane on a test flight to India was scheduled to leave New York at 05-30 G.M.T. (9 a.m. I.S.T.) on Saturday. It will be on the line's regular flight to Ankara but will continue from Ankara to Karachi without passengers

DISTRICT COLLECTORS' CONFERENCE

POONA, Wednesday:

The postponed conference of District Collectors in Bombay Province will now be held at the Council Hall in Bombay on Feb. 8. Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, will inaugurate the Conference and Mr. Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister, will preside. General administrative matters are expected to be discussed at the Conference.

Dramatists' Ultimatum To Washington Theatre

No Permission To Produce Plays Until They Allow Entry Of Negroes

WASHINGTON, February 5. (I.P.A.): Leading American dramatists, Thornton Wilder, Ogden Stewart and Behrman, have given support to 33 others who have refused permission to produce their plays to the National Theatre, Washington, unless the theatre permits attendance of Negroes.

Robert Sherwood, leader of the campaign, suggests that the theatre should raise colour bar as an experiment for three months to test the contention that the admission of Negroes means that the whites would boycott it.

Gang Of Whites Break Up Party Of Indians

CAPETOWN, February 5. (A.P.A.): A gang of about 40 European youths on Monday night broke up a party of Indians in a ballroom of the Pretoria Hotel.

One Indian was treated in hospital for superficial cuts and bruises.

The raid was over in three minutes before the police arrived. The youths broke into locked double doors of the ballroom.

The majority of Indians escaped through windows and side-doors. There were no Indian women present.

Naicker And Dadoo Leaving On 10th

ALLAHABAD, Feb. 4 (A.P.I): Dr. Naicker, President Natal Indian Congress, and Dr. Dadoo, President Transvaal Congress, who have been appointed delegates by the Joint Passive Resistance Council to tour India are leaving Durban for Karachi on Feb. 10 by seaplane according to a telegram received at the A.I.C.C. office from Passive Resistance Council, Durban.

Iron Vest Flown To Bombay From New York

NEW YORK, February 5. (A.P.A.): A 2¼ pounds portable iron vest left New York yesterday in a Dutch Air Lines plane for Amsterdam on the way to Bombay for Raymond Russell, aged 19, who is in an iron lung suffering from poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis).

The vest was requested urgently, apparently so that Russell can be returned to the United States for treatment. Since last September he has been on a visit to his parents in India, where his father, William Russell, is manager of an American concern.

PUBLIC OWNERSHIP OF ELECTRICAL UNDERTAKINGS

Commons Accept Bill In Principle

LONDON, Feb. 4. (Reuter) Government's bill for public ownership of all electricity undertakings in Britain was approved in principle by the House of Commons tonight, when an opposition amendment for rejection was defeated by 340 votes against 168.

Electricity undertakings will, in future, be in the hands of a central board with a capital of £ 800,000,000.

Out of this a sum of £ 200,000 will be spent on power stations.

KONDHWA LEPER ASYLUM TO BE EXPANDED

POONA, Feb. 5, (A. P. I.): The lepers asylum at Kondhwa, seven miles from Poona, may be expanded in the near future and fitted with equipment for modern medical treatment of leprosy. Founded twenty-five years ago by the Leprosy Mission for India from Dublin, the Kondhwa asylum is now managed by the Government of Bombay since 1942 at an annual cost of nearly Rs. 30,000 and offers treatment to 90 patients.

Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, who visited recently the asylum with Mr. V. T. Dehejia, Collector of Poona, commented on the good work done at the institute and felt the necessity of expanding its accomodation. He assured Mr. Dehejia that he would take up the matter with Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Public Health.

Holmes To Visit India

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 5. (A. P. A.): The Watumull Foundation, which provides fellowships for the exchange of Indian and United States scholars had announced the appointment of the Rev. Dr. John Haynes Holmes as the Rabindranath Tagore Memorial Lecturer to Indian Universities for the 1947-48 academic year.

Dr. Holmes since 1937 has been president of the World Gandhi Fellowship, and in 1946 was appointed Ingersoll Lecturer at Harvard University.

Holmes' son, Prof. Roger W. Holmes, head of the Department of Philosophy at Mount Holyoke College and special lecturer in Philosophy at Smith and Amherst Colleges, all in the Eastern United States, will accompany him to India.

Unclaimed Interest Of Muslims In Post Office Savings Bank

Mr. Ahmed E. H. Jaffer, M. L. A. (Central), informed the party of the Muslim League of the Central Assembly on 2nd February 1947 that the Government of India originally offered him Rs. 60,000 which was recently increased to Rs. 1,30,000 as amount due to Muslims in respect of interest that remained unclaimed in post office saving banks for 20 years since 1925. Mr. Jaffer said that he had refused to accept this fresh offer of Government and insisted on his previous demand of Rs. 6,00,000. The party authorised Mr. Jaffer to negotiate with the Finance Member and have the amount recovered as early as possible.

States Should Support Strong Union Centre

MADRAS, Feb. 5, (API): Mr. T. R. Venkataram Sastri, President of the All India Liberal Federation, in a press statement today expressed the hope that "The States Negotiating Committee will not approach the problem of the Union with a desire to weaken the Centre, already left weak in the Cabinet Mission's minimum recommendations."

"India's place in the international world and her power for good in every sphere, within and without, depend upon the strength behind the Union of India," he said.

"The States should not now go back upon their attitude of cooperation, to the meticulous legalism of the Cabinet Mission. Disinterested aloofness may be becoming in the Cabinet Mission, but it ill-suits the Indian Princes.

"Many in the Negotiating Committee are known to favour personally a strong Centre. They cannot deny to the Union the strength necessary for the limited Centre conceded by the Cabinet Mission.

"I will not go into controversial topics, but I may permit myself to say that the States themselves might require the help of the Union in conceivable emergencies."

STRUGGLE IN KASHMIR TO CONTINUE

National Conference Chief On Futility Of Repression

NEW DELHI, Feb. 5 (UPI): "We know the Government cannot keep Sheikh Abdulla in jail for the full period of his sentence, but much depends on the Indian situation. The Princes have made Kashmir their test case and so have hundred million States' people. This is not only a question for Kashmir but for the entire Indian India. The Political Department to gain its end is helping and guiding the Kashmir Government. But let them know that a stronger source than the Political Department, viz. the Indian National Congress is at the back of the people of Kashmir and the people in other States".

Thus observed Mr. Bakshi Ghulam Mohamed, President of the Kashmir National Conference and Vice-President of the All-India States' Peoples' Conference, in an interview to the United Press of India.

When asked whether the National Conference is going to launch another movement, Mr. Bakshi Ghulam Mohammed asserted: "The movement is there and is going on. It is the underground organisation functioning in the name of 'War Council' for the last nine months. Although so far thousands of houses have been searched, yet the Government failed to arrest a single underground worker. There may be more searches, but the Government shall not lay their hands on the underground workers. The struggle will continue in spite of repression that is going on, till our goal is reached".

KATHIAWAR PEOPLE OPPOSE CONFEDERATION

(From Our Correspondent)
BHAVNAGAR, Feb. 5.

The Working Committee of the Kathiawar Political Conference which met at Ludhiana under the presidentship of Darbar Gopaldas Desai declared that the proposed confederation scheme would not be binding to the people of Kathiawar States and they would oppose the plan with all their might because the representatives of the people were not associated in framing the constitution. It was feared that the present plan as evolved by the rulers would go against popular will of people and would serve their vested interest. A resolution requesting the people of Kathiawar to oppose tooth and nail this scheme and appeal to their respective rulers not to join the proposed confederation was adopted.

HYDERABAD SCHEDULED CASTES DISSATISFIED

POONA, Feb. 5 (A.P.I.): Members of the Scheduled Castes of Hyderabad State will stage demonstrations opposite the Assembly Hall at Hyderabad on Feb. 17 when the newly formed Hyderabad Legislature meets, to "mark the protest of 40 lakhs of Scheduled Castes in Hyderabad State against the inadequate representation given to them in the legislature" according to Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj, General Secretary of the All-India Scheduled Caste Federation. The community, according to him, has been given only five seats in a House of 180.

BHAVNAGAR MERCHANTS' PARISHAD

(From Our Correspondent)
BHAVNAGAR, Feb. 5.

Bhavnagar Chamber of Commerce resolved to hold Bhavnagar State Merchants' Parishad on March 15 and 16 under the presidentship of Shantilal Mangaldas, President Ahmedabad Millowners' Association.

Mr. RATILAL GANDHI, speaking at a party given in his honour at the Taj by Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee, President and Director of the Bombay Shroffs Association.

RATILAL GANDHI ENTERTAINED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. Pranlal Devakaran Nanjee President, and Directors of the Bombay Shroffs Association entertained Mr. Ratilal M. Gandhi at a tea party held this evening, at the Taj Mahal Hotel to congratulate him on his election as the President of the Indian Merchants Chamber.

Among those present were Mr. S K. Patil, Sir Francis Low, Mr. A. A. Jasdenwalla, Mr. Ramdas Kilachand, Mrs. Lilavathi Munshi and Sir R. P. Masani.

TRUMAN ACCUSES POLISH GOVT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4, (Reuter): President Truman accepting the credentials of Dr. Josef Winiewicz, the new Polish Ambassador to the United States, today declared that the Polish Provisional Government had failed to fulfil its pledge to hold free elections.

"It is a cause of deep concern to me and to the American people that the Polish Provisional Government has failed to fulfil that pledge", the president said.

The charge was made by the President in his reply to a formal statement by the Ambassador.

TWO BRITISHERS IN YUGOSLAV HANDS

ROME, Feb. 4, (Reuter): Allied military authorities in Trieste issued the following Communique tonight:

"In the early hours of this morning a British and Yugoslav patrol met near Cobicilis in the vicinity of Morgan Line (dividing the Anglo-American and Yugoslav — occupation zones in Venezia Giulia) where the boundaries are not clearly demarkated.

"Rounds were fired by the Yugoslav patrol. A British officer and one other rank are missing. It is believed that they are safe and unhurt in Yugoslav hands."

Five Japs Hanged

TOKYO, Feb. 5, (Reuter): Five Japanese were hanged at Rabaul, New Guinea, today for murders committed in the South-West Pacific during the war General Douglas MacArthur's Headquarters announced. Australian authorities carried out the executions.

Horses Under Arrest

LAHORE, Saturday.

In Gujerat two Muslim League M.L.As., Mr. Jahan Khan Bhusal and Nawabzada Asghar Ali Khan, courted arrest with 600 League National Guards riding on horse back. The horses were also placed under arrest. The processionists numbering several thousands peacefully dispersed. Nawabzada Asghar Ali Khan is the son of late Nawab Sir Fazal Ali who was regarded as one of the pillars of the British rule in India. The remaining three M.L.As., of Gujerat have already been arrested.

Thousands of villagers are trekking their way to Gujerat to court arrest. Today's biggest news is the arrest of the Leghari Chief of Dera Ghazi Khan which place, is described by the Government to be "quiet". Nawab Mohd. Khan Leghari, President of Dera Ghazi Khan Muslim League, son of Nawab Hafiz Mohammad Khan Leghari, Chaudhuri Mazhar Ahmed Tumandar, Mr. Ali Mohommad Khan Bolzar, M.L.A., Sardar Bahadur Khan Treshek M.L.A., Fayaz Mohammed Zaildar and Akkwand Abdul Karim, M.L.A., were arrested after they led a huge procession through the city of Dera Ghazi Khan.

Nawab Sir Jamal Khan Leghari, who will court arrest in Lahore on Monday, is the biggest landlord of the Punjab.—"Dawn".

"Dawn" Sold For Rs. 20 A Copy In Lahore

LAHORE, Saturday.

In spite of its being banned copies of "Dawn" made their appearance in Lahore and are reported to have been sold for as much as Rs. 20 per copy. Mohammed Siddique, an Assistant Editor of "Ajit", a Sikh paper, was arrested for having in his possession a copy of "Dawn".

An A.P.A. report says, at about 6 p.m. Muslim League demonstrators waving copies of "Dawn", the banned Delhi newspaper, shouting Pakistan slogans and carrying League banners moved forward to the mall.—"Dawn".

GOVT. GRANT TO SCIENCE INSTITUTE

BANGALORE, Feb. 4 (API): The Governing Council of the Indian Institute of Science, which met here today under the chairmanship of Sir Walter Campbell, Resident, Mysore, accepted a capital grant of Rs. 71,000 and a recurring grant of Rs. 40,000 from the Government of India for starting a section of economics and social sciences as an experimental measure in the Institute.

New Year Augurs Well For Burma

Attlee's "Christmas Present": Independence Week Proves Success

(From a Burmese Correspondent)
RANGOON, (By Mail).

Burma had a "Christmas present" from Premier Attlee in the form of an invitation to the members of the Governor's Executive Council to London for discussion of Burma's constitutional future. The "present" was received with no great enthusiasm and not much optimism. The AFPFL (Anti-Fascist People's Freedom League) headed by Aung San did not receive it warmly but thought an opportunity had been afforded for voicing Burma's aspirations and demands.

INDEPENDENCE WEEK

With the Burma Delegation gone, the AFPFL headed meanwhile by Thakin Nu, Acting President, Aung San's second-in-command, prosecuted the programme of the League as laid down by its Supreme Council in the way of mass struggles to aid the demands made in London. Accordingly, an Independence Week was staged, commencing from January 10. The week comprised, in order of precedence, the Peasants' Day, the PVO (People's Volunteers' Organisation) Day, the Labourers' Day, The Women's Day, the Government Servants' Day, the Students' Day and the AFPFL's Day. The last-named Day was celebrated with stupendous success. The most interesting feature of the celebration, which consisted of a monster mass rally, was the enthusiastic participation of the Communists, who had been expelled by the AFPFL. The condition of Rangoon on that Day should better be seen than described. For the whole day public vehicles suspended plying; all offices, both Government and business firms, were almost deserted (there were just a stray few of non-Burmans attending); all shops were closed Rangoon has seen many another mass rally, but it has never seen one so huge.

RED "ARMY'S" MARCH TO SECRETARIAT

There ended, for the time being, the mass programme of the AFPFL. Close upon it came a sort of counter-mass rally engineered by the "Red Flag" Communists led by the bulky champion of the extreme group, Thakin See. But, his show was not a success at all. About a thousand were gathered, and this crowd was not of Rangoon. The zealous "Red Flags" gathered down and-out cultivators from the neighbouring delta villages, and the show. The uninformed, fed, idle (harvesting over) village folks thought that they would gain something by their Rangoon visit, and accompanied the Red Flags. So on January 20, the rumour floated in winter's frolicsome winds that the Red Flag "Army" would march upon the Secretariat, and the whole city stood by to see what would happen. the City Police and Military stood on guard in the premises of the Secretariat waiting for the "Army", but save for a few stray carloads of Communists shouting slogans making rounds along the four streets flanking the Secretariat, no 'Army' came. But on the following day, it did come, and it flowed into the Secretariat compound, the Communists jumping over the fence and running up the stairs of the Secretariat. The police first stopped them, but later when nothing could be done except resorting to force, the Military Armed Police baton charged them, water-hosed them and eventually threw tear-gas bombs on them. Undaunted, the Communists stayed on in the premises for two full hours from 2 o'clock till four in the evening. Several were injured, and several arrested.

COMMUNISTS ROUNDED UP

The excitement of January 21 was just over, and the whole city went its way of droning routine, perhaps trying to forget the incident, and concentrating its attention on the London talks. On January 24, however, people's attention was drawn again on the Red Flags by the Government's announcement of the Red Flag Communist Party (official name: The Communist Party, Burma) being declared an unlawful association. The Party had once been so banned during Sir Dorman-Smith's time, but the ban was lifted immediately after the assumption of power by the A.F.P.F.L. A police round-up of the banned Communists followed the issue of the ban, and several of them were arrested, but Thakin Soe had escaped. Thakin Soe has a knack of escaping from the clutches of the police, and his masterpiece in doing so was achieved during the Japanese occupation period. The Jap "Kempaitai" (secret police) were combing the whole country to get a "big catch" of this (to them) the worst Communist, but Thakin Soe had been riding the daily tidal current of the delta creeks in a boat accompanied by his young wife, and the Japanese were no wiser about his whereabouts.

Apart from this chief pre-occupation, Rangoon saw the most spirited celebration yet known of Netaji's Birthday by all sections of Indians when the "pongyis" (monks) and the poor were offered food. Then there is a movement afoot for sending a token expeditionery force to Indo-China to help the Viet Nam Republic against the imperialist French Government. The movement was sponsored by Dr Ba Maw, the ex-puppet dictator whose son-in-law, Bo Yan Naing is now in Calcutta discussing the matter with Sarat Chandra Bose.

The events and doings in Burma during the first month of the new year clearly show that there is a great awakening, and that the Burmese generally looked upon with contempt by the Whites as happy-go-lucky, are after all a hard nut to crack.

German Diehards Will Resist

U. S. ZONE NOT TO REDUCE INTELLIGENCE NETWORK

STUTTGART, Feb. 4 (Reuter). General Lucius D. Clay, Deputy Military Governor of the United States zone of Germany, today warned that resistance must be expected from "groups of German diehards and recalcitrants stanger that those who have already encountered."

He added: "We have already broken up several and in order to keep fullest control we have no intention of reducing our intelligence network."

He said, that German hostility to the Allies could only be expected when transport and communications improved.

PAPEN ARRESTED

NUREMBERG, Feb. 4 (Reuter). The President of the Nuremberg Denazification Court, Dr. Camilla Sachs, today ordered the arrest of Franz von Papen, Hitler's "ace" diplomat, on a charge of making a misleading statement in court. Dr. Sachs, announcing the court's decision, said that statement were made in regard to the writing of a draft of President Hindenburg's political testament in 1934 which virtually assured Hitler of German leadership.

Dr. Sachs ruled that the testimony of Oskar von Hindenburg, late President's son and of von Der Schulenburg, former adjutant of Hindenburg, established that von Papen was responsible for drafting the testament's clause recommending Hitler on which the defendant had hedged.

The arrest will not interfere with von Papen's trial which will be resumed tomorrow.

INDIAN ART IN LONDON

Exhibition To Be Held On Pre-War Scale

LONDON, Feb. 5, (U. P. I.): London is to have an important exhibition of Indian art next autumn. It will be held at Burlington House and will be on a scale comparable with the great Chinese and Persian exhibitions before the war.

Sir Walter Lamb, Secretary of the Royal Academy, told the United Press of India that the exhibition will begin in October or November and probably continue until March 1948. "It will be a very important event," says Sir Walter.

Three members of the organising British Committee are already on their way to India to discuss the exhibits. They are Prof. Kenneth Codrington, Keeper of the Indian Section of Victoria and Albert Museum; Sir Richard Winstedt, a former President of the Royal Asiatic Society; and Mr. Basil Gray, Deputy Keeper of the British Museum.

Many valuable works of art it is learnt, will be shipped to this country and London will have the chance to see many beautiful things that have never before left India.

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Kohinoors Lead Upward Move On Stock Exchange

BULLION MARKET RULES STEADY WITH MODERATE SUPPORT

Cotton Prices Recover On Short Covering

BOMBAY, February 5.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was fairly steady today with routine business. Interest rates are hardening owing to large imports of foreign goods and in some cases they are quoted at 6 to 7½ per cent.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened today at Rs. 2645/- and after improving at Rs. 2655/- quietened at Rs. 2640/- Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 480/- and were done at Rs. 481/- Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 2836/- and steadied at Rs. 2830/- Kohinoor Shares opened at Rs. 875/- and advanced at Rs. 896/- on improved buying. Swadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 840/- and after declining at Rs. 836/- hardened at Rs. 842/-.

Later on there was increased buying and Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 2672 and Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 484. Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 2852 Kohinoors gained further ground at Rs. 889 and Swadeshi Shares were quiet at Rs. 840 Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 425. Trams were quoted at Rs. 118. Central Bank shares were done at Rs. 186 while Imperials changed hands at Rs. 2665. New India swere quoted at Rs. 99/12. Associated Cements stood at Rs. 217, while Scindia shares recovered at Rs. 38/12.

MILL SHARES.

B. Dyeing 2852/8 Century 1105 Nagpur 394 Swadeshi 840 New Great 568 Simplex 425 Kohinoor 889 Colaba 350 Gokak 360 Bleaching 190 Swan 465 Finlay 396 Morarji 880 Indore 768/12 Edward 745 Meyer 287/8 Apollo 5 India United Ord. 18/12 Defd. 4/0/6 Madhusudan 525 Poddar 397/8 Khatau 422/8.

STEEL.

Tata Steel Deferred (129/8/9) 2672/8 Tata Steel Ord. 484 Second Pref. 172/8.

ELECTRIC SHARES.

Tata Hydro 189 Andhra Valley 1662/8 Tata Power 1745 Tram 118.

CEMENT.

Asso. Meger 217.

INDUSTRIES.

Burma 612/8 Bellapur 306 Shivrajpur 48/8 Scindia 38/12 Premier Construction 260 Tata Chemical 18 Tata Oil 103/8 Indian Iron 43/14 Bengal Steel 34/14.

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 100/8 Phoenix 1410 India Manufacturing 4525 Kooria 330 Dawn 1600 David 1180 New City 290 Minerva 300 Bradbury 631/4 Broach (Defd.) 8/6 Bharat 65/4 Mysore 330 Madhavji 23/4 Model 263/12 Laxmi 1925 Vishnu 711/4 Western 4500, Standard 650 Sholapur 7500 Sassoon Cotton 27/8 Hindustan 4900 Tata 124/8 Ahmedabad Advance 530 Sassoon Silk 109/8 New Union 26/14 Madusudan B. 109/8 Shrinivas 475 Raja Bahadur 110 Besar 375 Victoria 425.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH).

Ahmedabad 168/12 (New) 136/4 Surat (Old) 243/12 New Pre. 211/4 Karachi 240 Broach 13 Ajmer 15/2 Amalgamated 20/4 Jalgaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 260 Bombay Suburban 202/8 Bombay Suburban (New) 160.

BANK SHARES.

Reserve 139 Imperial X. D. 2605 P. P. X. D. 660 Central 136 India 254 Union 14/3 Baroda 179/8 Habib 200 A. B. C. 58 Dena Bank 70/8 United Commercial 113 Jaipur 79 Bikaner 31 Hindustan Com. 61 National Savings (fully paid) 82 (part paid) 54/8 Mysore 505 Exchange (Ord.) 68 Eastern 112 Bombay Provincial 88.

INSURANCE

Oriental 7090 Empire 1075 New India 99/12 Jupiter 39 Vulcan 18/12 Indian Mercantile 70 Universal Fire 20/8 Vasant 26/4 British India General 28 Industrial Prudential 61/12 Neptune 13/6 New Great 43 All-India General 40/8.

RAILWAYS

Ahmedabad Prantij 680 C. P. 109 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Sara Sirajganj 116 Pachora 101 Mandra Bhon 116.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 598/12 Steamer 695 Burma New 211/4 Burma Petrol 4/5 Mackenzie 200 Port Canning 97/8 Kemp 575 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Radio (Ord.) 377/4 Indian Radio B. 375 Indian Radio 375 Indian Investment Trust 122 Wimco 667/8 Dharamsey Chemical 43/8 Mukund Iron 14/14 Dena Trust 25 Alembic 361/4 Supreme India 228 (New) 180 Jamwire 141/8 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 India Cement 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 390 United Motor 66 A.C.C. New 96.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 235 Tram 54/4 Andhra Valley 1397/8 Tata Power 1545 Hydro 145/10 Bombay Steamer 352/8 Nagpur 787/8 Swadeshi 160 Vishnu 805 Laxmi 807/8 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Srinivas 101 Elphinstone 136/4 Bradbury 553/12 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 153/12 (2nd Pref.) 135 Amalgamated 156/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 127/8 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120.

OUTSIDE SHARES.

Indian Copper 4 B. I. C. 10/8 Burma Corporation 5/5 (New) Victoria 7/12 New Victoria Preference 9 Raja 50 Phalton 140 Gold Mohar 450 New Kaiser Hind 470 Sajjan 390 Osmanshahi 890 Ajam Shahi 465 Air Services 21 Birla Motors 9 Mettur Chem- 15/7 India Steam 16/4 Marshal 10/12 Air India Premium 170.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES
Bombay, Feb. 5.

TEXTILES

Apollo 5/0/6 5
Bharat 65 65/4
B. Dyeing 2830 20 37/8 27/8 52/8
Bradbury 631/4
C. India 349 50
Century 1105
Colaba 349 50
B. Textile 750 37/8 45
Elphinstone Ord. 100/8
Finlay 394 95 93 96 94 97 96
Gokak 351 59 58 60
I. U. Defd. 4/1 4/0/6 4/1 3/14 4/0/6
I. U. Ord 18/8 18/7 18/9 18/7 18/12
Indore 755 48/8 52/8 47/8 57/8 55 68/12
Khatau 415 22/8
Kohinoor 880 89 89 83 87 79 82 80 85 83 85 83 90 89
Meyer 282/8 87/8
Model 263/12
New City 290
New Great 560 58 68
Podar 397/8
Simplex 420 19 22 17 24 22/8 25
Swadeshi 835 44 36 43 41 43 40 45 40
Tata Mills 124 23 24/8
Vishnu 711/4

BANKS

Baroda 175 78/8
Central 133/8 36
Exchange Bank 67 68
Imperial Old 2610 5 15 5
Imperial New 660 62/8 60
India 250 54
Reserve 138/8 39
Union 14/4 14 14/3
U. Commercial 112/8 13

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 170 68/12
B. Tram Ord 119/8 17/8 18 17 18/8 18
B. Tram Pref 54/4 54 54/4 54 54/8 54
Tata Hydro 190 89
Tata Hydro Pref 145 45/10
Power 1747/8 48/8 45

INSURANCE

New India 99 100/8 99 99/12

STEAMER

Scindhia 36/8 37/10 37/8 36/14 38/12

STEEL

B. Steel 34/12 34/9 35 34/8 34/14
I Iron 43/4 43 43/5 43/8 43/10
Tata Seeel Defd 2645 35 55 40 55 45 57/8 55 65 60 72/8
Tata Steel Ord 480 79 81 80 81 80 82 81 84
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 173 72/8

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 600 598/12
A. C. C. Old 216/8 14/8 16/8 16 17
A.C.C. New 96 95/8 96
Belapur 302 299 304 3 6
B. B. Old 611/4 600 10 7/8 12/8
B. B. New 210 8/12 11/4
B. B. Petrol 4/6 4/5
I. Bleaching 190
I. I. Trust 122
P. Construction 258 56 60 58 60
Tata Chemical 17/12 18
Tata Oil 104 2/8 3/8
Wimco 662/8 70 65 67/8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-3/4 p c 1948/52	100	9	
2-1/4 p c 1960	100	9	
2-1/2 p c 1961	99	8	
3 p c 1949/52	102	8	
3 p c 1951/54	103	0	
3 p c 1953/55	103	0	
3 p c 1957 V. L.	102	0	
3 p c 1959/61	102	0	
4 p c B. P. T.	102	11	
5 p c M. Deben.	122	0	
6 p c B. P. T.	128	0	
3 p c 1963/65	102	0	
3 p c 1966/68	102	0	
3 p c 1970/75	102	0	
3 p c 1986 New	102	0	
3-1/2 p c 1947/50	101	12	
4 p c 1960/70	114	2	
4 p c 1983 Kar. Muni.	114	0	
4-1/2 p c 1955/60	117	8	
4 p c M. Debenture	117	0	
6 p c M. Debenture	128	0	

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Tata Ordinary 484 Tata Deferred 2672/8 Indian Iron 43/10 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 34/14 Bombay Dyeing 2852/8 Central India 393/12 Century 1105 Gokak 360 Kohinoor 888/12 Simplex 425 Tata Hydro 188/12 Tata Power 1745 Associated Cement 217 Belapur 306 Bombay Burma (Old) 612/8

Produce Markets

Deadlock continues on the groundnuts market as a result of acute shortage of stocks. Linseed was steady with scattered buying while castorseeds firmed up on active buying from Gujarat operators. May delivery opened at Rs. 119/8 and firmed up at Rs. 121/-. Thereafter there was further buying and May delivery advanced at Rs 122/2 but reacted at Rs. 121/8. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS:—			
Khandesh Ready	Unquoted		
Coromandal	Unquoted		
Bold	Unquoted		
LINSEEDS:—			
Ready	27	8	0
February March	26	4	0
April May	26	4	0
CASTORSEEDS:—			
Navlakhi Ready	26	4	0
December January Navlakhi	26	4	0
Goa Delivery	26	4	0
Bombay Delivery	26	4	0
May Delivery	121	8	0
GROUNDNUTS OIL:—			
Bombay Mills	12	14	0
Linseed Oil	21	0	0
Castorseed Oil	17	0	0

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, February 5.

The local Bullion Market opened quiet but sharp decline in Silver price attracted active covering. Fagan Silver opened at Rs. 146/14 and declined at Rs. 146/10 but sharply improved at Rs. 147/10 and steadied at Rs. 147/4. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 152/8. Fagan Gold opened at Rs. 102/6 and declined at 102/3 under scattered selling but hardened at Rs. 102/12 on professional support. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 107/- while Sovereign were placed at Rs. 67/12.

Later on trading was restricted and Fagan Silver was done at Rs. 147/4 and Fagan Gold was steady at Rs. 102/14.

Towards the close there was moderate business and final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	164	14	0
Fagan Delivery	147	4	0
Ready Gold	106	120	
Fagan Delivery	102	12	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, February 5.

After yesterday's sharp decline in private trading when March delivery touched the low level of Rs. 436/8, the cotton market ruled fairly steady with moderate short covering. The recent heavy liquidation has improved the technical position of the market and the present recovery is natural. However there is no inclination to weigh over March tenders the price tendency is likely to be downward.

March delivery opened today at Rs. 440/8 and improved at Rs. 441/4 under short covering but under renewed selling declined at Rs. 439/8. At this level the market was steady on covering and March was quoted at Rs. 440/4.

Thereafter there was scattered liquidation and March delivery quietened at Rs. 439/8.

The market again improved at Rs. 441/4 on improved buying but reached on scattered selling. Closing quotations at 4-30 p.m. were as under:—

I.C.C. March	440	2	0
I.C.C. May	449	6	0
I.C.C. July	460	10	0
I.C.C. Sept.	479	6	0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES
Bombay, Feb. 3.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing
March	445-1/4	441-3/4	441-3/4
May	465	452-1/4	452-1/4
July	468-1/2	464-3/4	464-3/4
Sept.	477-1/4	473-1/2	473-1/2

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton March Contract is 1526 cent points below New York March at Exchange rate 331

Limited Business In Calcutta Share Bazaar

CALCUTTA, Feb. 5.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange continued quiet and only a limited business was recorded. The following are today's transactions upto 2-00 p.m.

BANKS: Hindusthan Commercial Bank 62/-, C. Div Hindusthan Mercantile Bank 46/-, Imperial Bank (conty.) 648/-, CT. United Commercial Bank 112/8, Reserve Bank 141/-.

COTTON: Benares Cotton 11/-, Cawnpora Textiles 11/11, Ex. Div. New Victoria ordy. 9/-, Ditto Preference 9/-.

COAL: Bharat Colliery 12/8, Central India 13/6, South Karanpura 42/8 Ex. Div.

JUTES: Clive 71/8, Ex. Div. Empire 85/-.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corpn. 6/-, Dalmia Cement 16/3, Bathgate and Co. 1/2, Calcutta Elektric 36/8, Bengal Flour 25/-, Bic 10/12, F and C. Oeler 20/1 National Insulated Cable 15/11 National Tabacco 60/- British Burma Petroleum 5/- India Paper Pulp 286/8, Shree Gopal Paper 20/-, Ex. Div. Titaghur Paper 58/12, Ex. Div.

SUGARS: Balrampore 16/8, Cawnpore 43/8, Ex. Div. Samastipre 20/10.

TEAS: Bateli 23/6, Eastern Cachar 13/-, Hasimara 128/-, Tezpord Ord. 36/12.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, Feb. 5.

Coiryarn Beypore Rs. 180/190; Quilandy Rs. 200/210; Fibre Garbled Rs. 175; Ungarbled Rs. 160; Cocoanuts Raw Rs. 125; Dry Rs. 160; Cocoanut Oil Rs. 550; Copra Office Rs. 320; Dilpasand Rs. 375; Madrasnottam Rs. 400; Goodgooda Rs. 360; Pepper Wynaad Rs. 595; Country Rs. 580; Dry Ginger Chernad Rs. 360; Ernad Rs. 320; Coffee Robusta Rs. 93; Timber Pali Rs. 50; Junglewood Rs. 30; Vellapine Rs. 45; Benteak Rs. 45; Mango Planks Rs. 3/8/4; Teak Rs. 18; Rosewood Rs. 18.

INDORE SHARE QUOTATIONS

INDORE, Feb. 4.

(Peoples Press Service). Today closing quotations Indore Malwa 773, Hukamchand 978, Bhandarimill 974, Vinodmill 555, Kalyanmill 359, Kalyanmalle 165 Rajkumari 252. Indore Bank 102 com.

SILVER IMPORTS FROM HONGKONG

Hong Kong Feb. 4 (UPA). The Imports and Exports Department today disclosed that total shipments to India worth HK dol 11,891,139 (approximately U.S. dol. 2,380,000) of silver were made during the month of January, consisting of bars and ingots valued at HKdol. 7,245,899; Chinese dollar coins worth HK dol. 278,060; and subsidiary coins worth HKdol. 4,367,180

Shipments to the United Kingdom during the same period amounted to HKdol. 840,000 in subsidiary coins.

No silver was imported during the month, Department said.

Meanwhile, the American President Lines confirmed that the President Polk carries USdol. 1,750,000 worth of silver for Bombay.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Feb. 5.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th month

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th—12th month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th—9th Month

London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 5/32 to 4th month.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 3/16 5th & 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 90 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th—9th Month.

NEW YORK AND MONTREAL RATES.

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4

New York Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4.

New York Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330.

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 329 under L/C.

New York Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 328 3/4 not under L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Ecs. 3650.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D Fl. 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157 1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 to 4.02 7/8.

London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/2 13/16-1/3 3/32.

London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/3 15/16-2/4 5/32.

London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 479.70-480.30.

London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4.

London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36.

London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50.

London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36.

London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4 4.03 1/4.

London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4.

London/Amsterdom Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70.

London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70.

London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.

Gold London £8-12-3.

Gold New York dol. 35.

Silver London 44.

Silver New York 70 3/4.

London Discts 3 Months 17/32. p c.

London Discts. 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent. Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—Call 1/4 per cent, 3 Months 1/2 per cent. 6 Months 3/4 per cent 12 Months 1 1/4 per cent.

Tone: Steady

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

An Account pursuant to the RESERVE BANK OF INDIA ACT, 1934, for the week ended the 31st day of January:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	RS.
Notes held in the Banking Department	32,56,24,000
Notes in circulation	1225,75,89,000
Total Notes issued	1258,32,13,000
Total Liabilities	1258,32,13,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.755 per cent

ASSETS	RS.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	1135,32,89,000
Total of A	1179,74,34,000
B. Rupee Coin	20,73,65,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	57,84,14,000
Total Assets	1258,32,13,000

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	RS.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	439,33,03,000
(2) Government of Burma	35,39,000
(3) Other Government	
Accounts	21,75,43,000
(b) Banks	72,05,56,000
(c) Others	15,70,12,000
Bills Payable	5,45,36,000
Other Liabilities	10,56,00,000
Rupees	575,20,91,000

ASSETS	RS.
Notes	32,56,24,000
Rupee Coin	31,20,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,79,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(c) Government Treasury Bills	2,79,76,000
Balances held abroad	469,89,67,000
Other Loans and Advances	3,00,000
Investments	41,92,61,000
Other Assets	27,66,64,000
Rupees	575,20,91,000

NEW YORK SILVER
New York, Feb. 4.

U. P. Price of foreign silver 70-3/4 cents.

Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/00 108-11/16

DOW JONES AVERAGES
NEW YORK, Feb. 4.

Dow Jone, Averages: 20 railroads 51.80 vs. 52.06 30 industrials 162.36 vs. 181.92, 15 utilities 36.92 vs. 37.01, domestic bonds 104.79 vs. 104.79 and commodity index 122.07 vs. 121.44.

ACTIVE MILL BUYING IN N. Y. COTTON

Prices Improve 44 To 59 Points

NEW YORK, Feb. 4. (Reuter):

Cotton opened steady 14 to 3 higher and steadily improved on mill buying of nearmonths and commission house support for newcrops which found contracts more scarce after yesterday's sharp break. The market gave further attention to the growing tightness of the statistical situation, firmness of the Stock Exchange and the strong cotton goods markets with much attention to reports that sales of cotton goods were made into the third quarter at 10 p.c. above former O.P.A. ceilings. Grains upto 30 points were shown at noon. Prices advanced briskly under the leadership of nearmonths on persistent mill-buying against textile orders and reports of British inquiries for rawcotton for April/May shipment and talk of early lifting of all export restrictions on cotton goods were possibly contributing factors in the afternoon strength. Scarcity of contracts intensified the upswing and the market closed firm, 59 to 44 higher. Sales are estimated at 250,000 bales.

U. S. Quota Imposition To Have No Effect On Indian Cotton

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4, (U.P.A.):

Economic experts in the administration today said that they believed that President Harry Truman's action in imposing an annual import limitation of 70 million pounds on rough cotton of less than 3/4 inch staple would have "no appreciable effect" on Indian shipments here. However, many deplored the President's action since they believed that it was entirely unnecessary and at the same time weakened the U. S. position in its arguments for the elemination of similar quota practices by other nations. Economists who believed that the limitation was unnecessary cited past figures to show that the total U. S. imports of this type of cotton in normal times were both from India and China which were the only sources of supply and which never attained the figure of the present allocation They pointed out that 70,000,000 pounds annually would be about 146,000 bales. The largest imports of both Indian and Chinese cotton of all types before the war came in the 1936-1937 cotton year, totalling 84,000 bales, of which India supplied 58,000 bales. In the 1945-1946 year imports of Indian cotton of all types which rough short made up almost all, did reach a record total of 220,000 bales, but these quarters pointed out that this was due to the extreme shortage of U. S. linters which was a very abnormal situation.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET
CHICAGO, Feb. 4.

Chicago grains displayed early strength reflecting overnight sales of approximately 2,720,000 bushels of maize for export together with a report that second quarter grain allocations would be about 1,500,000 tons monthly. The CCC Chicago agency has advanced its buying price one cent bushel for maize delivered at Maltimore, at the same time that agency announced that it had purchased 1,045,000 bushels of this grain yesterday. In the final stages the market reacted on increased profittaking and failure of follow through support by commercial interests.

WORTH STREET TRADING
ROUTINE

NEW YORK, Feb. 4 (UPA).—Routine trading featured today's session of the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market, following fair-sized allocations of light weight sheeting constructions for the third-quarter delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON
NEW YORK, Feb. 4.

March	32.20+51
March Highest	32.25+56
March Lowest	31.77+08
May	31.25+53
July	29.30+59
October	26.93+49
December	26.29+44
January	26.04+44
Middling Spot	32.90+51

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
NEW YORK, Feb. 4.

March	32.19+50
May	31.27+57
July	29.31+48
October	26.88+38
December	26.29+32
Middling Spot	32.10+55

CHICAGO WHEAT
CHICAGO, Feb. 4.

March	2.18 to 2.18
May	2.01-1/4 to 2.01-1/2
July	1.86-1/8 to 1.86-1/4
September	1.82 to 1.82

NEW YORK SEEDS UNCHANGED.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4 (U. P. A.): Prices of seeds remained unchanged on the New York Market today. Black pepper futures however closed 100 lower to 100 higher with no sales reported. Closing prices were:—
March 51 asked.
May 41 bid.
July 37.50 bid.
September 35.75 nom.
October 34 asked.
December 32.50 nom.
January 32.50 nom.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Feb. 4.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	98-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	115-11/16
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	108-11/16
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	122-3/8
Victory Bonds 4 p c	122-3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12-3/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	93-1/2
National Bank of India	38-1/2

LONDON BULLION
London, Feb. 4.

Silver Spot	44d
Forward	44d.
Gold bar, fine per oz.	£8/12/3

DISTRESS IN KOLABA DISTRICT

(From A Correspondent.)

PANVEL, Feb. 3.

Sheth Abulla Rahimtulla Fakir came to Panvel on 2nd inst. to acquaint himself with the aftermath of the communal disturbances that took place recently in the Kolaba District. He met Mr. P. G. Bapat, President. Panvel Taluka Congress Committee, Mr. V. M. Girrillew, Secretary, Kolaba District Congress Committee, Mr. Babasaheb Thosar, President Kolaba Dist. Congress Committee, Mr. V. M. Vedak, M. L. C. and others. He first tried to get first hand information of the incident, and then discussed with them the way and means how to proceed in this matter to create trust between the communities Seth Abulla Rahimtulla Fakir has come to this decision that it will not serve any purpose to go merely empty-handed to the distressed persons. It is nevessary to get some funds and then to visit the villages in which case it will be possible to distribute help in money and kinds to the villagers who have actually suffered most. The loss approximately has come to about 75 to 80 lakhs. As many villages have been burnt to ashes, there is no paddy with the villagers at present. In order to give immediate help to these villages it is necessary to collect funds forth with. The loss this District has suffered is immense and is quite beyond the means of this district to meet. Therefore it is advisable that charitably disposed men from Bombay and other places should come forward to give their mite to this cause. Kolaba District is just quite near to Bombay and it is the duty of the rich as well as poor to come forward in the present condition to help this district. Seth Abdulla Rahimtulla Fakir has agreed with the workers to return to this District. Mr. V. M. Vedak, M. L. C. is visiting again the Talukas where these disturbance took place next week and after getting information from him Mr. Abdullabhai has agreed to go to Kolaba.

WAVELL CALLS FOR ADVANCE COPY OF GRIFFITHS' BOOK

LONDON, Feb. 5. (I.P.A.):

Mr. P. J. Griffiths, a leader of the European Group in the Assembly and former magistrate of Midnapur, where his three predecessors were murdered has written a book "The British in India" to be published by Hale Publishers on February 10. The publishers have received a request for an advance copy from Lord Wavell and a copy is now on its way.

WALL STREET MARKET IRREGULAR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4.

Led by heavy industries, notably motors and steels, the market advanced upto nearly two points before heavy profit-taking stemmed the upswing causing the development of an indefinite trend. Around noon the price changes were mixed up to one point with a slight majority of losses, pressure being particularly effective against rails, rail equipments, utilities, aviations, chemicals and minings. The averages were industrials 182.16 and rails 51.79. Optimism over the near term business outlook caused sundent buying to bring most stocks back to earlier highs for the day with motors, particularly General Motors motor-accessories, steels, meat packings and buildings prominent. Gains upto 2 points prevailed in late trading with trading fairly active. Another wave of profit-taking reduced or erased numerous earlier advances with steels, rails, chemicals, oils, tobaccos, foods and aviations the principal sufferers. The market closed irregular with the composite average rate slightly lower.

American Telephone & Telegraph	174-3/8
Amerex Holding Co.	34
Anaconda Copper Mining	40-3/8
Chase National Bank	37-5/8
Sinclair Oil	16
Firestone Tyre Co.	58-7/8
General Electric Co.	39-1/4
General Motors	61-3/4
Ingersol Rand	133
International Nickel	36-1/2
National City Bank of New York	41-1/2
New York Central Rail Road Co.	21-1/2
Socony Vacuum Corporation	14-7/8
Texas Corporation	59-3/4
Union Carbon & Carbide	96
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	46
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	77-7/8
Western Union Telegraph	22

MEXICO'S SILVER INDUSTRY EXTREMELY UNCERTAIN

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 4 (UPA). The mining Chamber today reported that the future of Mexico's silver industry was extremely uncertain because of the recent instability of silver prices and the tendency of foreign governments to restrain the use of silver in monetary system. General pessimism was expressed by the Chamber which last week called an extraordinary meeting to discuss the silver industry and possible methods for stimulating it. No concrete steps for a solution were made during the meeting. The Chamber said that it approved the Treasury Minister Ramon Betata's proposal to mint silver coins but said that such a move would hardly improve the situation facing silver mining industry. It was said that the minting of silver coins would naturally help to an extent, but only world demand for silver could bring real hope for the industry.

Mine owners were expecting prosperity after the war because of the potential world demand for silver which had been built up during the war. The nationwide strike and the use of old machinery lowered the production from 60,000,000 fine ounces in 1945 to 46,000,000 in 1946.

NEW YORK SILVER UNCHANGED

NEW YORK, Feb. 4 (UPA) The price of silver remained unchanged on the New York market today and was quoted at 70-3/4 cents per ounce.

Meanwhile, silver dealers reported a "fair" market with between 200,000 to 400,000 ounces sold domestically and a "few hundred thousand" ounces sold to London. Dealers were optimistic that the recent buyers' strike was now over and that consumers will continue to be in the market.

Concerning the new London price, it was pointed out that the fact that the London price is 1.9 cents higher than the New York rate reflects the cost of transportation.

LONDON SILVER MARKET QUIET

LONDON, Feb. 4 (UPA). The silver market remained quiet today following scattered liquidation in Bombay. For shipment on the Perlin prices appeared to be between 63-1/2 and 63-3/4 pence. Some Continental buying was reported from New York. The far little repercussion has been reported from New York. Mexico and other centres regarding silver activity to London's downward adjustment of the United Kingdom price.

DISPOSALS

The Regional Commissioner Disposals, Southern Circle, Bombay invites tenders for the purchase and removal of the following:—

STORES 1.
DESCRIPTION: Spares for David Brown Tractor.
LOCATION: (List of spares available for disposal can be seen in this office)—305—M.U. Near Ghatkopar, Bombay.

SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE: Tender No. RCS/51031/CPM-4.
LAST DATE DUE: By 4 p.m. on 21st February, 1947.
OFFERS should be sent to this office in double covers, the inner being sealed and superscribed with the above tender number and should remain open for acceptance up to 14th March, 1947.

Tender forms can be had from this office on payment of Rs. 5 each.

Delivery should be completed exsite within 30 days of receipt of acceptance of offer. Stores can be viewed at site by previous appointment wtih the store-holder and by production of a permit which will be issued by this office on request. No assistance will be offered in obtaining transport facilities, Railway wagons, etc. This office is at liberty to reject all or any portion of the offers received.

STORES 11.
DESCRIPTION: Telegraph Stores.
LOCATION: Government Telegraph Stores, Sewri, Bombay.
SUPERSCRIBED REFERENCE: Tender No. RCS/48025/ECS.
LAST DATE DUE: By 4 p.m. on 21st February, 1947.
Offers should be sent to this office and should remain open for acceptance up to 14th March, 1947.
Tender forms giving full particulars of the stores can be had from this office on payment of Rs. 5 only.
CHEQUES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED
All further particulars may be obtained from this office.

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS
(SOUTHERN CIRCLE)
Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.
Tel: 30041 (5 lines).
DS/209

FREE
To regain lost vigour and vitality, just send annas 4 in stamps to get free a copy of very interesting and valuable Guide Book (111) Pages.
KAVIRAJ (Dr.) KHAZAN CHAND B. A.,
Famous Specialist and Gold medalist,
Chamberlain Road, LAHORE. (India) Phone No. 4848.

END GREY HAIR
Not by hair dye. Our Brainis harmless Ayurvedic scented oil restores the grey hair to its natural black colour permanently and stops turning grey. In no faith, take a guarantee of returning price. Price Rs. 2-8 for a few grey hairs; Rs. 3-8 for more than those and Rs. 5 for about all.
N.B.—It is tonic for brain and eyes.
S. S. GUPTA PHARMACY,
P. O. Katri Sarai (Gaya)

THE NEED OF THE HOUR ARE STRONG MEN OF NERVES.
AMRITA comes to us as a boon that thousands and are weak in nervous. It is a tonic that will make everyone of them a he man.
KAE-4
KESARI KUTEERAM Ltd MADRAS

Agents: D. M. VOHRA. Laxmipuri, KOLHAPUR.

MUTT AND JEFF—My Goodness What A Strange Coincidence! By BUD FISHER

MUTT, DID YOU HEAR WHAT HAPPENED TO GUS' WIFE? GUS WAS FISHING AND HIS WIFE WAS IN THE ROWBOAT JUST TRAILING HER HANDS IN THE WATER!
SUDDENLY SHE FELT HER WEDDING RING SLIP OFF HER FINGER AND GO TO THE BOTTOM OF THE LAKE!
THE WATER WAS SO DEEP IT WAS HOPELESS TO TRY AND GET IT!
SUDDENLY GUS HOOKS A FISH! SO THEY TOOK THE FISH BACK TO THE HOTEL!
THAT NIGHT THAT FISH WAS SERVED FOR DINNER!
GUS' WIFE TOOK ONE MOUTHFUL OF FISH WHEN ALL OF A SUDDEN SHE BIT INTO SOMETHING HARD! WHAT DO YOU THINK IT WAS?
THE RING!
NO, A FISHBONE!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Tamil Protestant Gazetted Officer invites matrimonial correspondence from cultured girls of independent means. No caste or Provincial restrictions. Apply Box No. 4803, "Bombay Chronicle."

Gentleman, 32 years, high education and status, want Noble-family Hindu-lady for marriage. Preference to personal qualities. No restrictions. Box No. 4789, "Bombay Chronicle".

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced expert manufacturing chemist in dipped rubber goods. Good prospects. Apply box No. 4792, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Experienced Accountants and Auditors. Apply stating minimum salary acceptable to:—The Secretary, Habib Bank Ltd., Central Office, "Dar-Ul-Habib" Room No. 3, 29-Marine Drive, Bombay. 1814

A Fast Stenographer required salary Rs. 150. Apply International Oil Co., Ltd., Jiji House, Ravelin Street, behind Excelsior Theatre, Fort, Bombay. 4796

Wanted a Professor to teach History through the medium of Hindi to College classes in Gurukul Kangri University, Hardwar. The course in History in the Gurukula includes papers in Ancient Indian History, Politics and Economics also. Candidates should be able to teach these subjects too. Preference will be given to the Aryasamajists. Applications stating qualifications, previous experience and minimum acceptable pay with testimonials, should be sent to—Acharya, Gurukula Kangri (Saharanpur). 1819

SITUATION WANTED

Competent experienced Fire Accident Insurance man having thorough knowledge of Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Tariffs, Seeks position. Reasonable offers. Please reply Box No. 4797 "Bombay Chronicle."

OFFICE PREMISES WANTED

Import firm requires office accommodation in Ballard Estate or Fort having an area of about 3,000 sq. ft., with or without furniture and fittings. Please reply to Box No. 4693 "Bombay Chronicle".

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry within short period. Apply prospectus, Shree Digvijaysinhji Dental Institute, Jamnagar. (4706)

Modern Photographic Training School, near Chitra Cinema, Latif House, Dadar, Bombay. (4794)

Certificates, D. Com. degree April Examinations commence everywhere. Deposit entries. Become F.S.C. Society of Commerce, Sohangunj, Delhi. 4673

Learn Magic for pleasure and profit. Regular course taught scientifically in person or through post. Prof. Panday, The Indian Institute of Magical Entertainment East Mulund (G.I.P.). 1395

Admissions—Davar's Colleg of Commerce—Professional and Commerce Diploma Courses, suitable for Graduates, Undergraduates and others. Tuition personal or through post. Call or write for Prospectus, 51, Esplanade Road. (4783)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

All India Engineering Directory, Edited by M. D. Bhatia is ready, it contains the details and the addresses of Dealers and Manufacturers for Hardware, Mill Gin stores Pipe Fittings, Sanitarywares and Machinery Tools in India. All oil Mills, sugar Mills, Ginning Factories, Paper Mills, Cloth Mills, Municipalities from all main towns of India, 400 Pages on Art paper. Price Rs. 12/- (V. P. P. Rs. 12|8|-). Write to Bhatia Advertising Agency 49, Nagdevi Cross Lane, Bombay 3. 4800

MEDICAL ADLETS

Hypon tablets—the sure pain-killer without snags. Deals with headaches, neuralgia, etc., by acting directly on the nerves centres. Always have Hypon handy. Available from chemists or Biddle Sawyers, Bombay-9 Rs. 1/8 for 20 tablets. 1541C

BUSINESS OFFERS

Parties interested in importing old and overissued newspapers from U. S. A., write to Suraiya Brothers, 13, Clive Street, Calcutta. (4774)

Parties interested in importing white oil from U. S. A., write to Suraiya Brothers, 13, Clive Street, Calcutta. (4774)

Just received Hongkong made flashlight torches, both tin and brass nickeled of excellent quality. Write to Suraiya Brothers, 13, Clive Street, Calcutta. (4774)

Wholesale silk merchants for purchasing silk sarees, dress pieces, crepe and check shirtings, Narmady shirtings, etc. at highly reduced production price. Guaranteed pure Bengal silk. Contact: Bharat Silk Bhandar, Bezwada; or 138|1, Harrison Road, Calcutta. 4453

FINANCIAL

To start a malleable iron foundry a financier wanted to invest Rs. 30,000. Apply Box No. 4799 "Bombay Chronicle."

BUSINESS FOR SALE

Photo Studio at Dadar for Sale. Apply Box No. 4795, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

"MILK"

NEW GOVERNMENT MILK DISTRIBUTION SCHEME

AN APPEAL

PUBLIC RESPONSE by way of application for milk under the new Milk Distribution Scheme to be inaugurated on 1st March, 1947, has been very satisfactory. Applications, registered up to 31st January, 1947 only, show that the initial demand is likely to be for not less than 1,000 maunds of milk daily. Demands received from institutions, for Anand milk, are additional to this.

Under the Subsidised Milk Distribution Scheme, milk distribution centres were opened in private premises and in some of the Municipal schools. In some cases the milk centres are on first and even second floors of the schools. Government particularly desire that under the new Scheme the convenience of those who join the Scheme should be considered as fully as it may be possible to do so. Government will appreciate it very much, therefore, if private parties, or any sort of institutions, will kindly offer their premises for distributing milk for about 3 hours morning and evening, between 5-30 and 8-30 a.m. and again between 2-30 and 5-30 p.m., so that centres found by experience under the present Subsidised Milk Distribution Scheme to be inconvenient may be discontinued, fresh centres that may be offered in response to this appeal being substituted for them. Even a verandah, say 8 or 10 feet wide and 6 to 8 feet broad, will suffice, or an unused garage, or any such premises will do.

Any one kindly prepared to help in this respect in any part of the City and Suburbs is requested to be good enough to write to the Milk Commissioner, Dhobitalao, Bombay. Help in this respect, besides being of assistance to Government may be of great advantage to the public also in the neighbourhood of premises made available.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Milk Commissioner,
Government of Bombay.

Bombay, 5th February, 1947.

SALES TAX—NOTICE

DEALERS, who have tendered payment of sales tax at the Reserve Bank of India and have not obtained receipted chalan SHOULD COLLECT THE CHALANS FROM THE BANK PERSONALLY OR BY AGENT two days after the payment was tendered. One receipted chalan should be sent to the Sales Tax Officer with the return in Form VI, or separately if the return has already been submitted.

The Bank will NOT send receipted chalans to the dealers by post.

GOVERNMENT OF MEWAR

NOTICE

EMERALD AUCTION.

AN AUCTION of Crude Emeralds of the Mewar State Emerald Mines will be held at the Victoria Hall Udaipur on WEDNESDAY, the 26th February, 1947, starting from 1 p.m.

2. Admission to auction will be by passes which will be available at the gate or in the Office of the undersigned in Mahakma Khas. Ordinarily passes will be issued only to accredited representatives of Jewellers.

3. Ordinarily the highest bid will be accepted and successful bidders will have to pay 25 per cent of the auction money at the stroke of the hammer and the balance within 48 hours from the time of the acceptance of the bid.

4. The emeralds to be auctioned will be open for inspection on 25th February, 1947, between the hours of 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. at the Victoria Hall.

By order,
G. L. MEHTA,
Secretary,
Development Department.

1783

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted influential agents on attractive terms to sell the remaining shares of National Nutriments Ltd., (Manufacturers of Vita-milk) having a paid-up-Capital of over 20 lacs and regularly paying dividends at high rates. For full particulars please apply to Mg. Agents, 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. (1646)

VEHICLES FOR SALE

Chevrolet, Ford, Fordson cars & trucks for sale at Frere Road near Adamji Lookmanji Petrol Pump at Masjid Bunder Road. 4780

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Kashmir-Srinagar—Write for:— "Well-furnished Houseboats, Gulmarg Huts, Srinagar Houses, and arrangements for Trekking, Shooting, Fishing, etc., etc.," to Hill's Agency, Residency Road, Srinagar. 4650

Rupees Twenty-five thousand's Insurance Policy for an investment of Rupees five hundred. For Natural Death Rupees Twenty-five thousand. Accidental Death Rupees Fifty thousand. Loans will be given for Sickness, Education, Marriages, Business, for buying or building house. Wanted ladies and gentlemen everywhere to work in spare time. Daily income Rupees Hundred! Before insuring of every kind in any Company of the world, please obtain expert advice from us. Apply immediately, Bhogilal Hiralal Shah and Company, Post Box Number 713, Bombay 1. Telegraphic Address "Bhogilalco", Bombay. (4778)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE PIONEER TEA COMPANY, LIMITED.

Regd. Office: 86-B, Clive Street, CALCUTTA.

PATRON:—
LIEUTENANT GENERAL MADAN SHUM SHERE JANG BAHADUR RANA OF NEPAL.

CAPITAL

AUTHORISED	.....	Rs. 15,00,000/-
ISSUED	.....	Rs. 12,00,000/-

GARDEN — **CHINGOOR TEA ESTATE**

The Managing Agents have also contracted for purchase of
KALACHERRA TEA ESTATE

AREA OF THE CHINGOOR TEA ESTATE.		
Total Area	..... 3244.34	Acres
Area Under Tea	..... 728.97	,,
Area Under Paddy	..... 512.42	,,
Sungrass	..... 74.05	,,
Forest including Bamboos and other valuable trees	..... 1928.90	,,

PROSPECTS.		
Estimated Crop for the Season	.....	5,000 mds.
Estimated profits for the year 1947:		
Price of 5,000 mds. @ Rs. 100/- per md.	.....	Rs. 5,00,000/-
Less cost of production and other expenses	.....	Rs. 3,00,000/-
		Rs. 2,00,000/-

The balance will be available for distribution to the Shareholders, which will work out to about 15%.

For further particulars please write to
The Managing Agents.
INDIAN PLANTERS LTD.
86-B., Clive Street, CALCUTTA.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD (DIVISION III)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase, Jamnagar House, Mansingh Road, New Delhi
TENDER NOTICE NO. H|311(F)

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the sale of the under mentioned stock of Coffee in full or in part ex where lying.

S. No.	Description.	Brand| Manufacturer.	Approximate quantity. Tons—lbs.	Location
1	Coffee Ground	Polsons.	1 - 375	No. 3 I.I.R.B.S.D PANAGARH
2	-do-	Seselyhaia	97	-do-
3	-do-	Gangajin Factory Calcutta	417	-do-
4	Coffee Soluble	Cases marked "VaC"	135	-do-
5	Coffee Ground	H. F. P. & Co. India	1 - 1657	No. 4 I.R.B.S.D AVADI.
6	Coffee Ground Vacuum Packed.	Sugeson Co., India.	39 - 2016	-do-
7	-do-	Thomcos Products Ltd. Madras.	21 - 728	-do-
8	-do-	Himalaya Food Products.	8 - 630	-do-
9	-do-	Polsons	1792	No. 6, I.R.S.D. Manmad.
10	Coffee Ground	Not known	377	No. 1, I.R.S.D., Lahore Cant
11	-do-	Polsons	55 - 16	-do-
12	-do-	Himalaya Food Products.	19 - 1246	-do-
13	-do-	Polsons	1 - 1371	-do-

2. Full conditions of contract of sale and other particulars will be given in the tender form which will be supplied free of cost against written applications.

3. Tenders accompanied by Earnest Money, calculated at 5% of the total value of the tender in the form of Deposit at call receipt from the Imperial Bank of India or the Reserve Bank of India or any scheduled Bank or Treasury Challan (Classified under the head of account "Revenue Deposit") in favour of the Chief Director of Purchase, will be received upto 4 p. m. on Wednesday 19th February 1947 and will be opened at 11 a. m. on the following day. Tenderers or their representatives can be present at the time of opening of tenders.

4. Tenders shall remain open upto a period of 30 days from the date of receipt of the tender and, if the tender is revoked within this period, Earnest Money will be liable to be forfeited to Government. Tenders not accompanied by Earnest Money in the prescribed form will not be considered.

(1785)

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED. BOMBAY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of The Bank of India Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Bank. Oriental Buildings, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 6th March, 1947, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time) :—

(1) To receive the Report of the Directors and Audited Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1946.
(2) To declare a dividend,
(3) To elect Directors in place of those retiring by rotation, and
(4) To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN that the SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 21st February, 1947 to SATURDAY, the 8th March, 1947 (both days inclusive).

A. C. CLARKE,
General Manager.

Bombay, 6th February, 1947.

1816

NOTICE

THE GREAT SOCIAL LIFE & GENERAL ASSURANCE LIMITED
Great Social Building,
Sir P. M. Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN RECEIVED for the loss of Policy No. 4030 on the life of Mr. Minguel Antonio Fernandes, a duplicate Policy will be issued and maturity claim under the Policy will be paid to the person named in the Policy within one month from this date unless valid objection be lodged with the undersigned prior thereto.

P. T. THACKER.
Life Manager.

Bombay, 31-1-1947.

1815

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY NOTICE

THE SPECIAL ENGINEER invites tenders for the work of construction of 100 feet Road (Extension of Maulana Abdul Gafoor Khan Road) between its junction with Love Grove Road and 20 feet passage, Scheme No. 58, Worli Extension, with cement concrete (1:2:4:) 6" thick and laying storm water drain therein. The tenders will be received upto 1 P.M. (B.T.) on FRIDAY, the 14th day of February, 1947.

Forms of tender, specification etc. will be issued on payment of Rs. 5/- for each copy to any one deputed to receive the same by the Special Engineer (Works Branch) who will on application give any further information that may be required.

Tender copies will not be issued by post.

Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.
5th February, 1947.

1818

NOTICE.

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalisation as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914 and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalisation may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: WILFRED MAXMILIAN ERVIN JANSEN.

Present Nationality: SWEDISH

Full Address: Saira Cottage Oomer Park, Warden Road, 26

1710

NOTICE.

OFFERS ARE INVITED by the Trustees of the M. F. Cama Athornan Institute and M. M. Cama Education Fund for the purchase of an immovable property situate at Pedder Road consisting of Pension and Tax land redeemed from payment of cess admeasuring 3,753 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 749 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and a pucca built bungalow of ground floor and two upper floors with outhouses assessed under D Ward No. 3467 and Street No. 19 and known as Cama Lodge.

Offers should be sent under sealed covers so as to reach the said Trustees at Cama Building, 22-26 Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, not later than the 15th day of March, 1947.

The Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any other offer. Particulars and Conditions of Sale can be had from the Office of the undersigned at Darya Mahal, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay on payment of Rs. 2 per copy

Dated at Bombay, the 17th day of January, 1947.

SHROFF & CO.,
Attorneys for the Trustees of the M. F. Cama Athornan Institute and M. M. Cama Education Fund

(1594)

NOTICE

IT IS TO INFORM Our Clients and Public that we have shifted our Shop from 94, Bhajipala Lane, Bombay No. 3, to the New Address given below. Tel. Chain.

HARJIMAL KIDARNATH & CO.,
Iron Hardware Machinery, Bendsaws, Pipe Fitting and Cutlery Merchants,
69, Dhanji St., Parsee Gali, Bombay No. 3.

4799

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI by the Grace of God of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of Makanji Mulchand Mehta of Bombay Jain Hindu Inhabitant a merchant possessing the Agency of the Burmah Shell Company who resided at Premji Gopalji's Chawl, Ghatkoper, Greater Bombay ..... Deceased

RAMBHABAI, widow of Makanji Mulchand Mehta, of Bombay Jain Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Premji Gopalji's Chawl, Ghatkoper, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 23rd day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty seven and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Prothonotary & Senior Master.

(Sd.) A. R. NARAYANA AIYER,
Sealer.

The 23rd day of January, 1947.
(Sd.) RAMBHABAI MAKANJI,
Petitioner-in-person.

1816

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS:

SEALED TENDERS in B-2 Form (Item rate tender) will be received upto 4 p. m. on 20th February '47, in the Undersigned's Office at Surat for some items of the work of Bombay-Ahmedabad Road (Surat-Sahol Sec.) Proposed Diversion between Surat and Rander from Mile 214|5 to 217|6 costing Rs. 89,949|-. Tender forms will be issued to intending contractors on payment of Rs. 7|- per copy, on any working day, upto 18th February '47.

2. Every tender must be accompanied by a chalan of Rs. 900|- Nine Hundred only.....on account of earnest money to be paid into Government Treasury.

3. For further particulars, apply to the undersigned.

(Sd.) K. M. KANTAWALA,
Executive Engineer,
Surat & Broach Division.

Executive Engr.'s Office,
P.W.D. Surat, 3-2-47.

(1812)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Cloth Bag, containing the following papers were left in a Hack Victoria Today.

1. Share Register book of the Maharaja Salt Works Co. Ltd.
2. 348 Ordinary shares and 600 Preference shares of the said Company.
3. Attendance Register and
4. Miscellaneous papers.

Any person coming in possession of the said papers is hereby requested to return the same to the undersigned. He will be suitably rewarded.

THAKOREDAS & CO.,
8, Nanabhai Lane, Fort,
Bombay.

(1820)

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT, 1913 and of THE INDIA PLYWOODS LIMITED (In Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of section 208E of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913, that a General Meeting of the members of the abovenamed Company will be held at 22D, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay, on the 27th day of February, 1947 at 11 a. m. for the purpose of having an Account laid before them, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator, and also of determining by an extraordinary resolution the manner in which the books, accounts and the documents of the Company and of the Liquidator thereof shall be disposed of.

Dated this 27th day of Januay 1947.

D. N. NAVDER,
Liquidator.

(1811)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF 2 CASES ENGLISH LEATHER CLOTH

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court, Bombay, appointed as Receiver under Suit No. 220 of 1947 (Assodamel vs. Pritodas) M|s. BENNETT & CO. will TODAY Thursday, the 6th inst at 3-30 P. M. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms: 2 cases English Leather cloth, each containing 16 pieces of about 12 yards each.

Terms: 25% cash deposit.

BENNETT & CO.,

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE including Almyrahs, tables, chairs, etc. on THURSDAY, the 6th Inst. at 2-30 P. M. (S.T.) at S.D.O.F|s Yard near Kolivada, Worli, Bombay, under instructions from the C.R.E., Bombay.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE ON THURSDAY 6TH AND FRIDAY 7TH FEBRUARY 1947 AT 3 P.M. EACH DAY. AT THE SALE ROOM OF THE UNDERSIGNED.

The Sale of Chinese porcelain Satsuma, Brass, Bronze, Bohemian cut glass, including Rosenthal (Selb Bavaria) China harlequin: Dresden bowl, Chinese wood engraved pictures, old Blackwood furniture, Persian carpets and other works of art will take place on the days stated above.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, Fort

Bombay Art Society's 56th EXHIBITION OF PICTURES
SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR HALL
Open Daily (including Sunday) upto 9th February from 9-30 a.m. to 7 p.m. (S.T.).
Admission ANNAS FOUR ONLY.
Book of Pictures Price Rs. 2 during Exhibition period.

EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS
BY
D. J. JOSHI
31st Jan. to 9th Feb.
Open Daily From 10 A.M. to 7 P.M.
Admission FREE
Bombay Art Society Salon
Sassoon Building 6, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

QUICK EASE FOR CHILD'S COUGH

When your child develops a cold or cough, do this at once. Rub back and chest with Karsote Vapour Rub. Its healing warmth relieves chest congestion quickly, its medicated vapours are breathed in through nose and mouth and clear the bronchial passages. Karsote Vapour Rub is the ideal treatment for all respiratory complaints. Use it for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats and Bronchial Affections. Obtainable everywhere, 9 Annas per jar.

KARSOTE VAPOUR RUB

ARTIST'S FINE DRAWING PENCILS

Goopta Pencils are supplied in accurately graded degree of hardness for artists and architects to choose from. They are made by a modern process which eliminates all grit, breaks the clay and graphite into the most minute particles and produces a lead of the smoothest possible composition

MANUFACTURED BY F.N.GOOPTU & CO. CALCUTTA

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE BUSINESS UNDERTAKEN

Copies of Conditions of Business obtainable at any office of the Bank

Local Head Offices CALCUTTA-BOMBAY-MADRAS and over 400 Branches and Sub-offices throughout India Burma and Ceylon
London Office 25, Old Broad Street

PILICON FOR PILES

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